

# EUMETSAT updates since CGMS-50 and report on medium to long-term plans

**CGMS-51 plenary** 



#### **EUMETSAT satellite systems**



# EUMETSAT Satellite systems

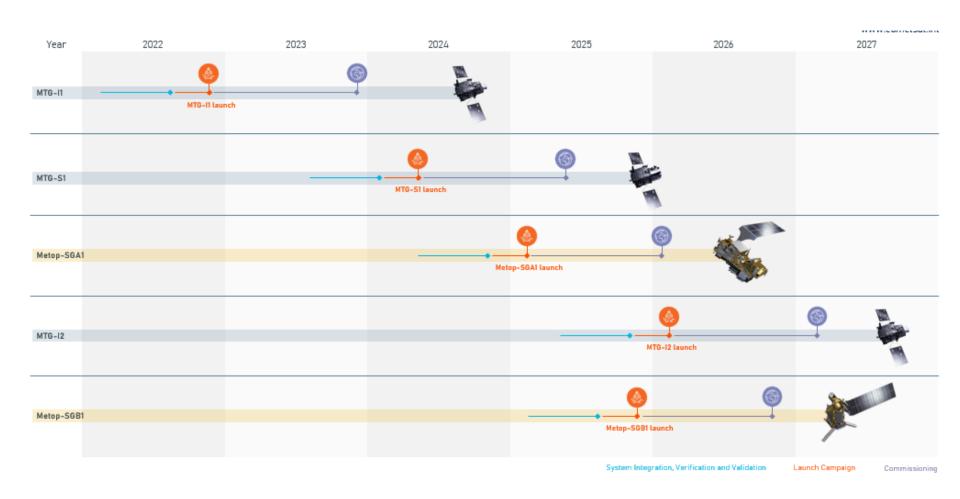


#### **Current satellites operated by EUMETSAT**





#### Launch of next generation systems up to 2025





Meteosat Third Generation (MTG) – Contribution to WIGOS Vision 2040

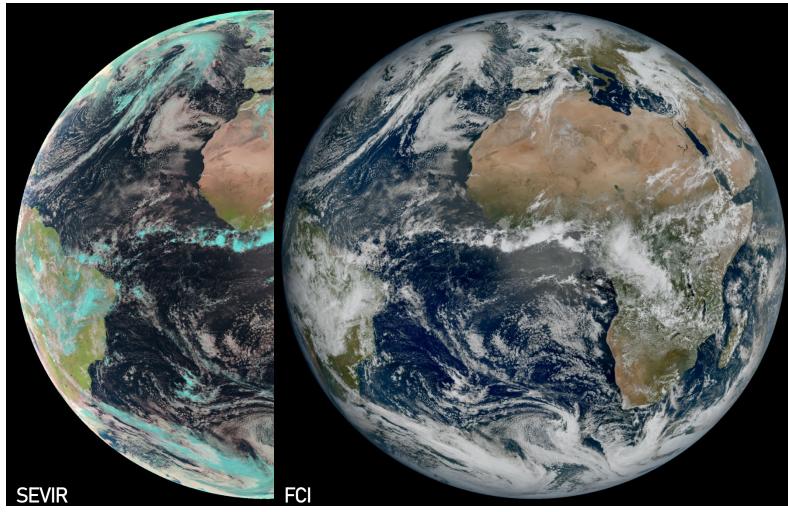
Successful launch of MTG-I1 on 13 Dec 2022, commissioning ongoing

In response to the WMO Integrated Global Observing System 2040



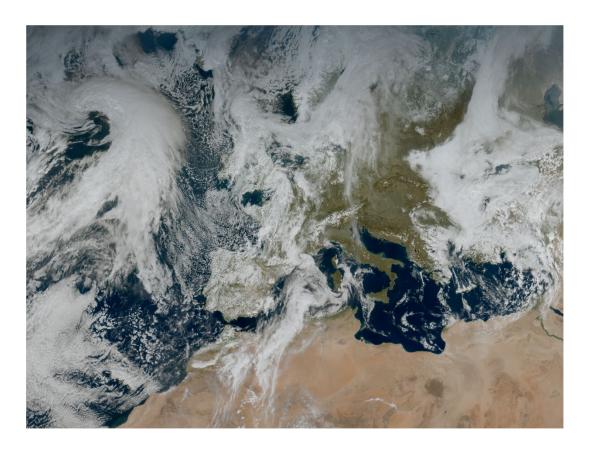


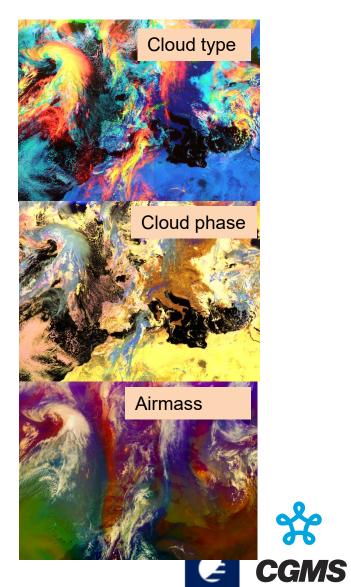
#### **MSG versus MTG imagery**



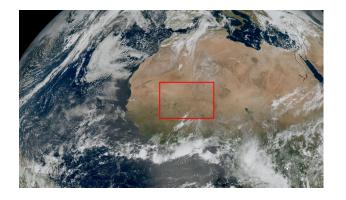


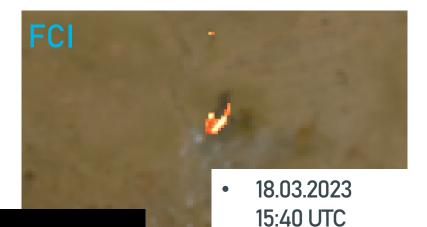
#### MTG – FCI over Europe and RGB products





#### **Fires over Africa**





• Fire temperature visualised using IR3.8 + NIR2.2 signal



#### **Data access - EUMETSAT Big Data Services**

#### **NEW DATA SERVICES**



EUMETView Viewing your data



EUMETSAT data store Improving data access

Pull services



Data tailor Customising your data

#### Push services



**EUMETCast** Terrestrial Near-real-time data delivery via terrestrial networks

#### www.eumetsat.int





#### **EXISTING SERVICES**





Data centre



WEkE0



WIS



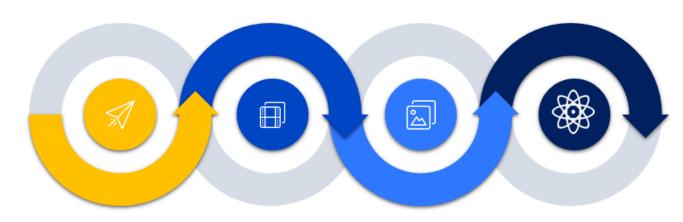
Three implementing agencies: ECMWF, ESA and EUMETSAT

EUMESAT has end-to-end responsibility for the Destination Earth Data Lake





#### **EUMETSAT AI/ML roadmap**



#### 2022/23

- M1 Establishment of a dedicated AI/ML call for joint project (supported through fellowships)
- M2 Building EUMETSAT AI/ML coordination team
- M3 Explorative workshops for new action areas

#### 2023/24

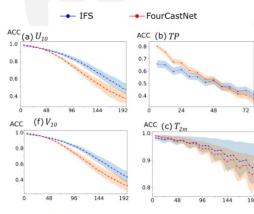
- M4 Running initial projects as Pathfinders for AI/ML
- M5 Tailoring EWC software for AI/ML
- M6 Developing training data set for Pathfinders

#### 2024/25

- M7 Workshop on AI/ML EUMETSAT applications
- M8 Large Al/ML context (i.e., MOOC)
- M9 Evaluation from STG and SWG

#### 2025/26

- M10 Evaluation of Al/ML roadmap by PAC
- M11 Approving and establishing Phase 2



Jaideep Pathak NVIDIA Corporation - FOURCASTNET: A GLOBAL DATA-DRIVEN HIGH-RESOLUTION WEATHER



#### New opportunities to complement MTG and EPS-SG in 2025-2040

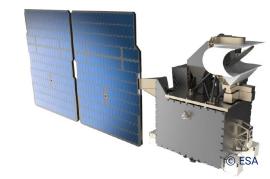
The enhanced EUMETSAT response to the implementation of **WIGOS 2040** 

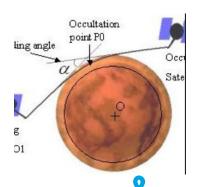
#### **Under consideration:**

- EPS-Aeolus, unique European technological expertise to improve Numerical Weather Forecasts
- EPS-Sterna, a constellation of micro satellites for testing new space in an operational environment
- Ocean altimetry follow-on programme highly relevant for the detection of global sea level rise and of climate change
- Procurement of commercial RO data

Decisions expected in the 2025 timeframe











#### **EUMETSAT procurement of commercial RO data**

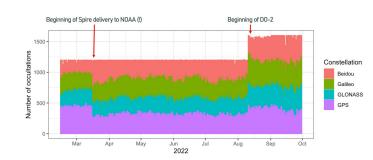
Procurement of RO data from Spire with global redistribution licence.

Pilot programme until August 2024.

Excellent results so far, with data assimilated by main NWP centres and sharing of data.

Discussion to build a permanent mechanism to procure commercial data in complement of baseline infrastructure.

International assessment of optimal number of RO data needed for NWP through ROMEX experiment.



#### **ROMEX Experiment**

Total	45.000
China FY-3	2,000
China Yunyao Aerospace	9,000
PlanetiQ	3,000
Spire	20,000
Paz	2,000
KOMPSAT-5, Sentinel 6	
Tandem-X, TerraSAR-X,	
GNOS (FengYun 3)	2,000
GRAS	1,000
COSMIC-2	6,000
COCNAIC 2	C 000





#### **EUMETSAT** involvement in space weather activities



#### **New opportunities**



## EUMETSAT and EU's Copernicus programme



#### **EUMETSAT** in **EU** Copernicus programme

www.eumetset.in

- Operations of EU Copernicus satellites dealing with the observations of the oceans, the atmosphere and relevant for the detection of climate change – Largest operators of Copernicus Sentinels with Sentinels-3, -4, -5 and -6
- Two Copernicus instruments are hosted on EUMETSAT satellites and one satellite is developed as an international partnership with the US
- Operations, together with Copernicus service entities (i.e. ECMWF,...), of a big Data Information and Access Service (DIAS): WEkEO
- Plan to operate, as of 2026, the future Copernicus CO<sub>2</sub> monitoring satellites (CO2M), the European response to the monitoring of the implementation of the Paris Agreement
- Future operated Sentinels: S3-NG Topo, S3-NG Opt, S6-NG, C02M plus involvement in global products for CIMR and Cristal









#### Issues of relevance to EUMETSAT which might deserve discussions in a CGMS context

- Preparation of future programmes and need for international coordination in their implementation, new architecture concepts, ...
  - → internationally coordinated response to WMO WIGOS 2040
- Roadmap towards evolution of data services using cloud technologies, AI/ML, ...
  - → exploitation and opportunities for coordination in order to enhance accessibility and usability of satellite data by users
- Assessment of evolution of requirements from users in preparing for the processing of vast amounts of new data, support to preparation of users, ...
  - → presentation in a future CGMS plenary
- Evolution of relationships with commercial meteorological data providers complementary to the "CGMS backbone"
  - → Secure free and open data access as per the WMO data policy Res. 1





#### Questions?



Thank you for your attention

