



## ***Global Atmospheric Motion Vector inter-comparison study***

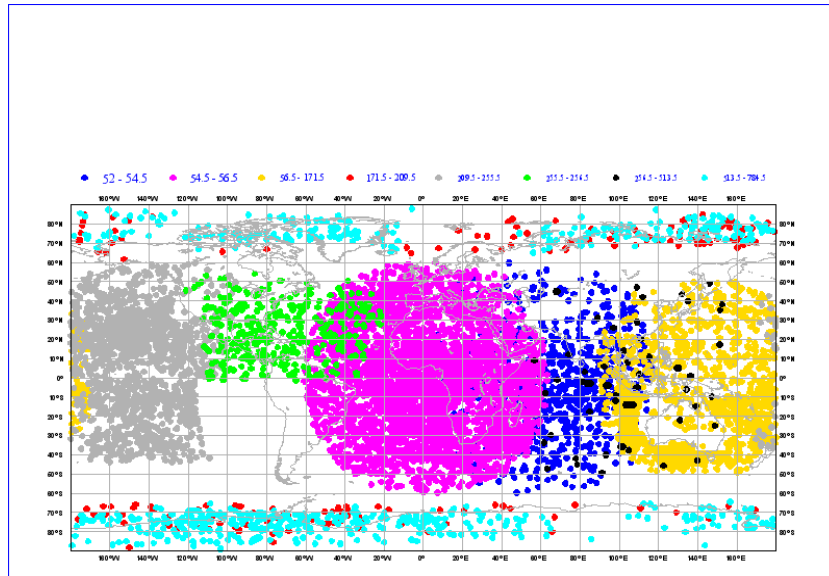
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Chris Velden<sup>(3)</sup>, Ken Holmlund<sup>(2)</sup>, Mary Forsythe<sup>(4)</sup>, Jamie Daniels<sup>(5)</sup>,  
Niels Bormann<sup>(1)</sup>, Peter Bauer<sup>(1)</sup>*

*(1) ECMWF, (2) EUMETSAT,  
(3) UW-Madison/CIMSS, (4) Met Office, (5) NOAA-NESDIS*

*Many thanks to  
Steve Wanzong, Greg Dew, Arthur De Smet, Joergen Gustafsson,  
Ryo Oyama, Eun Ha Son, Louis Machado, Javier Garcia Pereda*

**10<sup>th</sup> International Winds Workshop, Tokyo, 22-26 Jan 2010**

# INTRODUCTION



**Recommendation 34.15: There should be a comparison of the operational algorithms of all satellite wind producers for the height assignment of AMVs from clouds using a common data set from SEVIRI on MSG, and the same ancillary data .”**

*CGMS-34 Report excerpt*

## Participants

*EUMETSAT, CIMSS/NESDIS*

*Japan Meteorological Agency (JMA)*

*Korea Meteorological Administration (KMA)*

*National Institute for Space Research (INPE)*



## STUDY SETUP

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*Derive AMVs from 18 August 2006, 12:00-12:30 UTC image triplet, IR(10.8 $\mu$ m) band  
 Apply your own operational wind retrieval algorithm; at first using your own forecast profile and next, using common EUMETSAT forecast model data.  
 Use 12:15 UTC image for height assignment step if algorithm allows.*

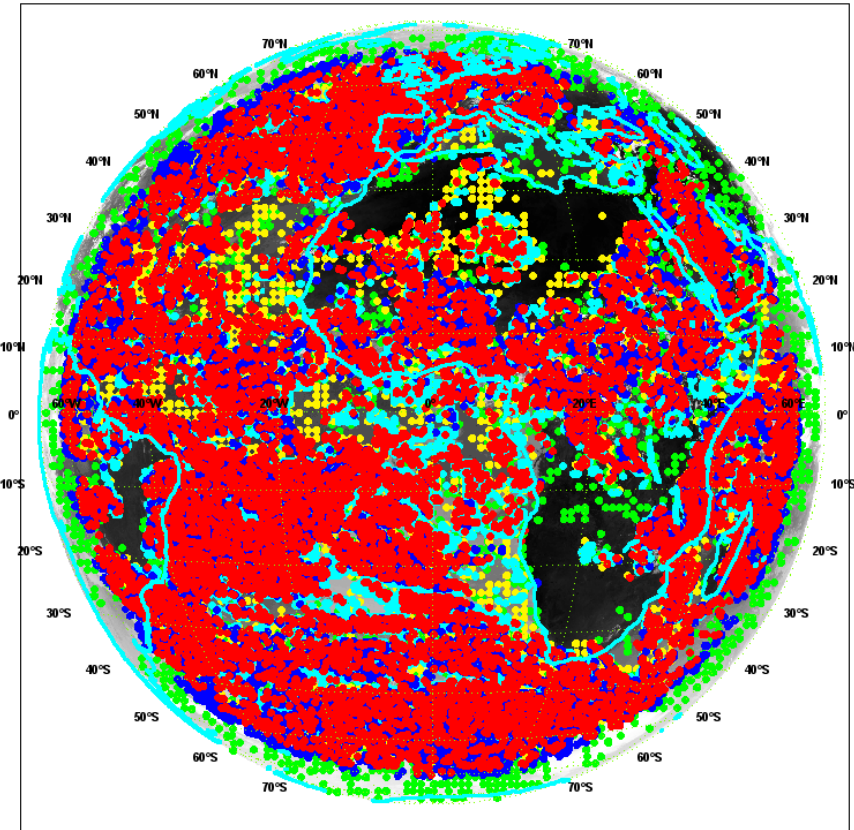
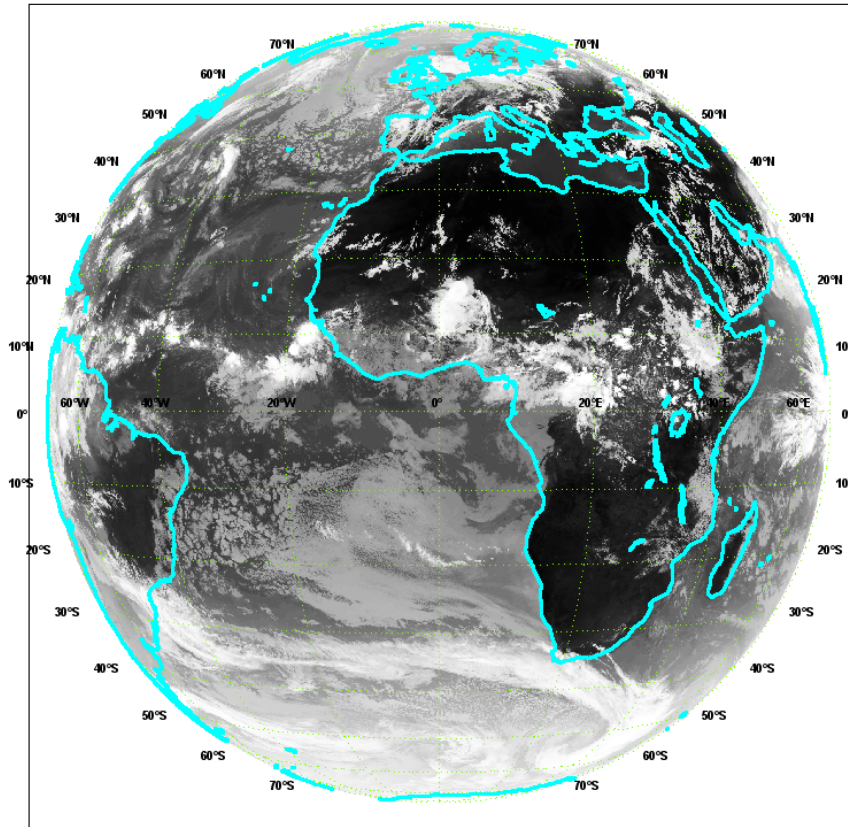
**Output:** *AMV's location, Target and Search box size, Speed, Direction, Altitude,  
 Low level correction, Guess Speed and Direction,  
 Height Assignment Method, Quality Indicator (forecast independent)*

### AMV Algorithms Summary:


AMV Producer	EUMESAT	CIMSS/NESDIS	Brazil	JMA	KMA
Steps subsequence	target, track, height assign.	target, height assign., track	target, track, height assign.	target, track, height assign.	target, track, height assign.
Target box	24x24 pix	15x15 pix	32x32 pix	32x32 pix	32x32 pix
Search box	80x80 pix	<b>36x52 pix</b>	50x50 pix	64x64 pix	64x64 pix
Target selection	no threshold	7 bright. units	no threshold	no threshold	5 Kelvin
Height	coldest CTP peak, average interm. prod.	25% coldest pixels, middle image only	10% coldest pixels, average interm. prod.	highest CTP peak, second interm.prod.	15% coldest pixels, average interm. prod.
QI implementation	single band, average interm. prod	all bands, one final QI	single band, average interm. prod.	single band, second interm.prod.	single band, average interm. prod.





# DATA

METEOSAT 8 SEVIRI (Channel 9 IR10.8) Brightness Temperature Friday 18 August 2006 1200UTC

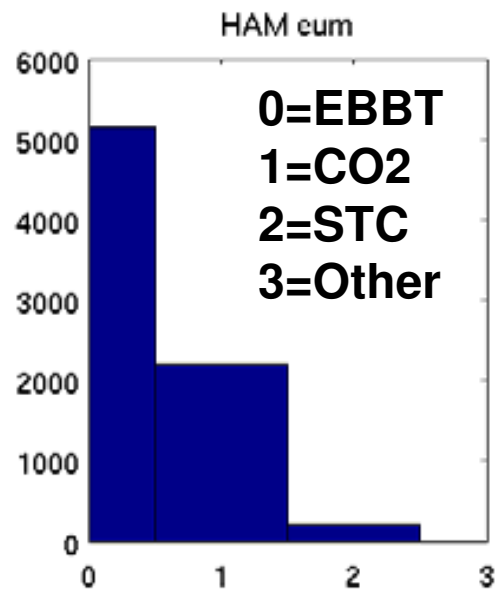
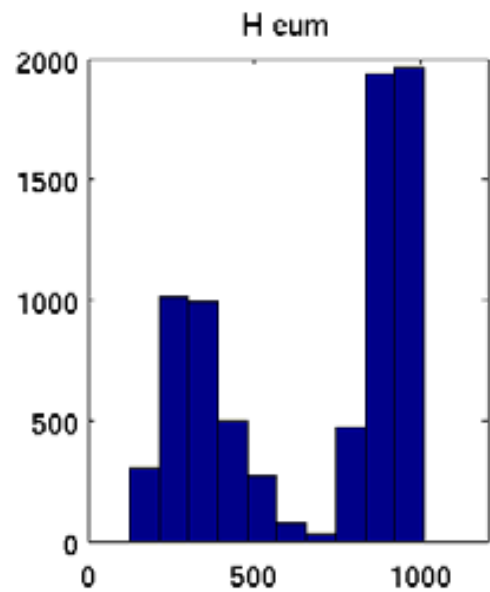
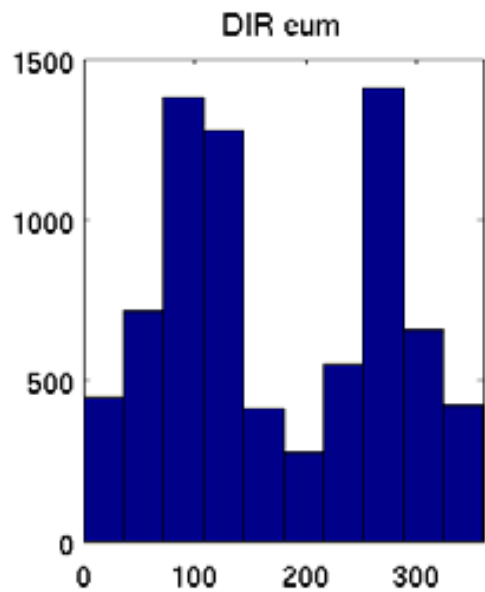
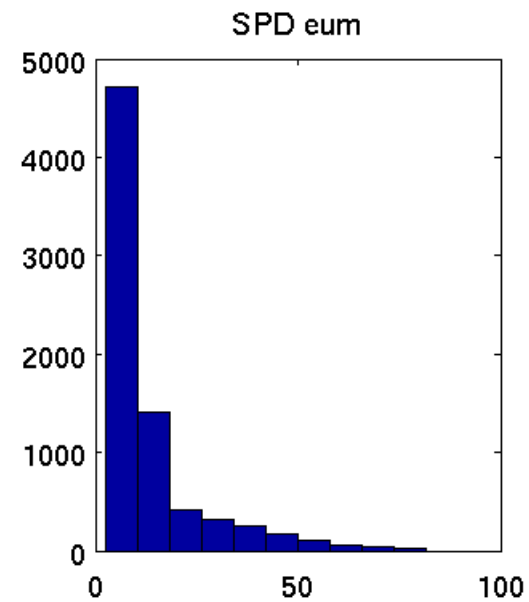
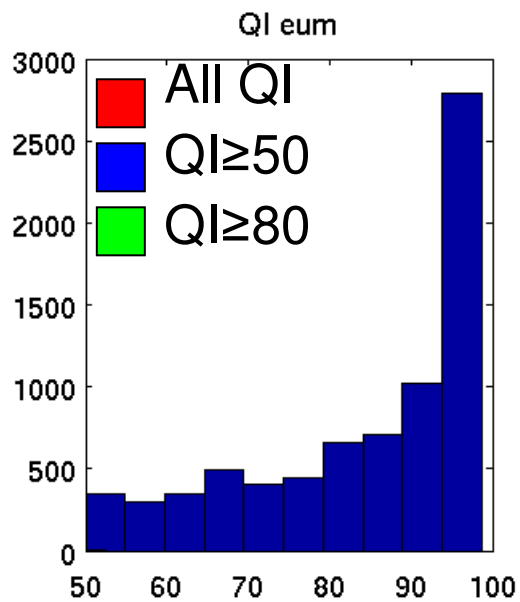
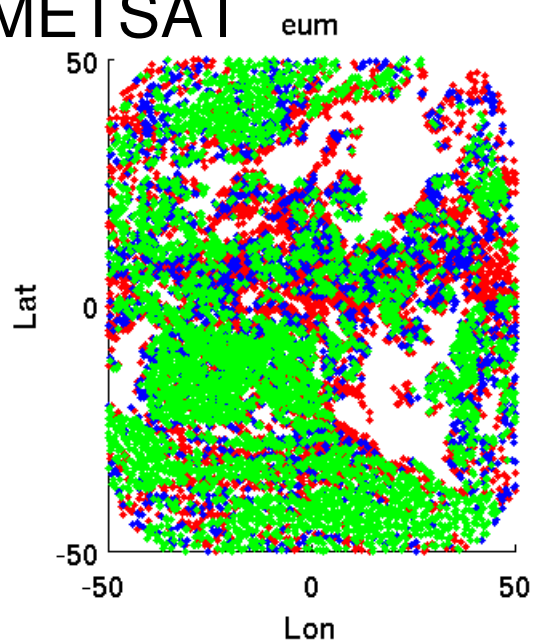


IR10.8  
Total num winds  
Winds QI>=50

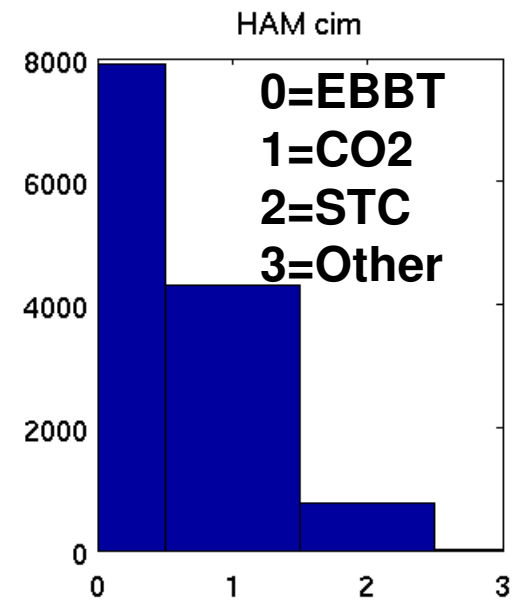
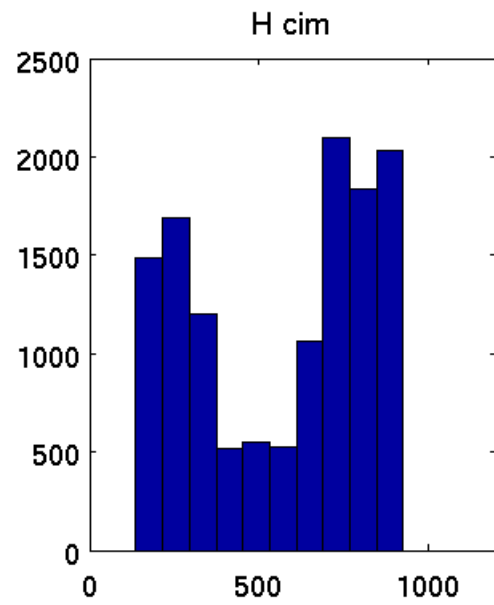
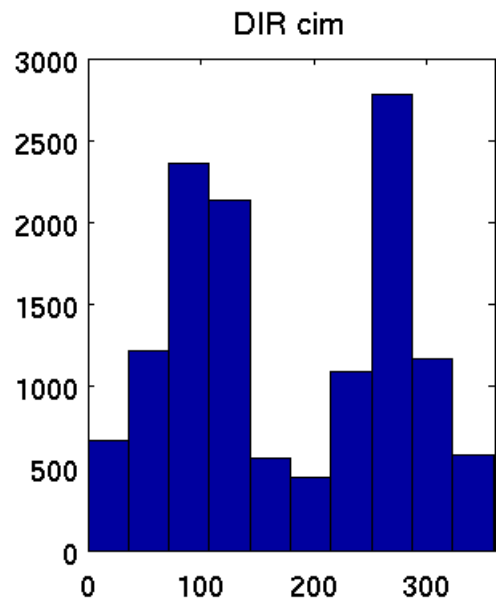
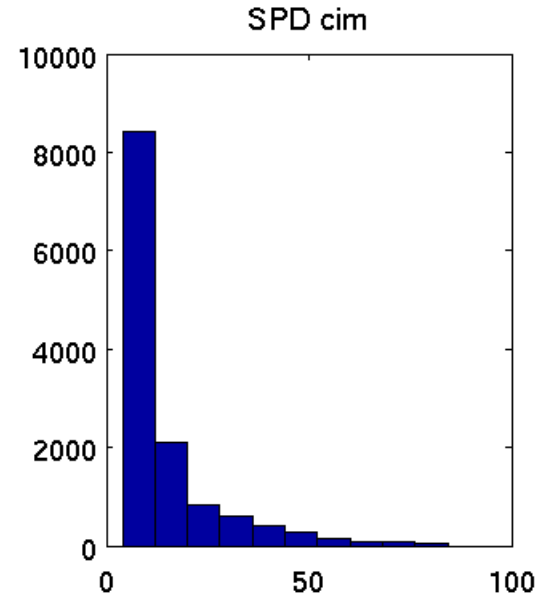
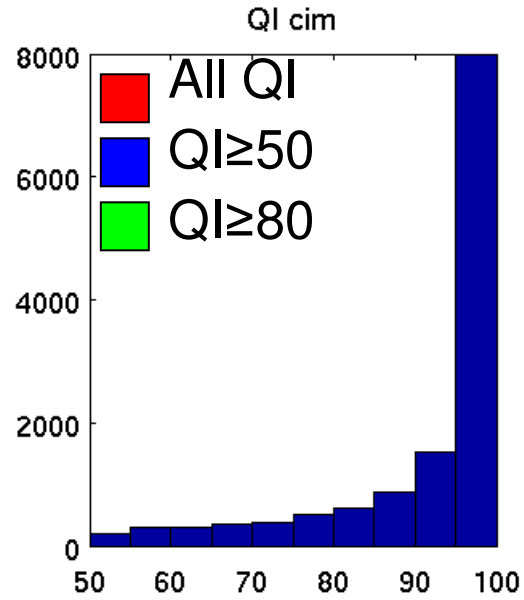
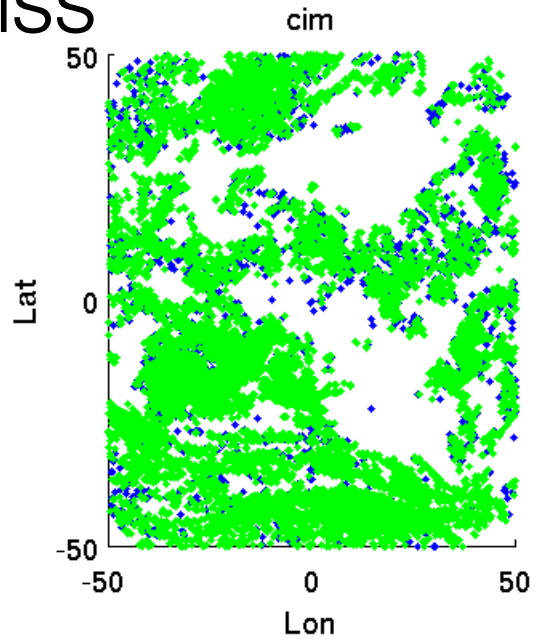
 EUMETSAT  
10775  
7506

			
CIMSS	Brazil	JMA	KMA
13003	7051	11006	4072
13003	5017	10216	3501

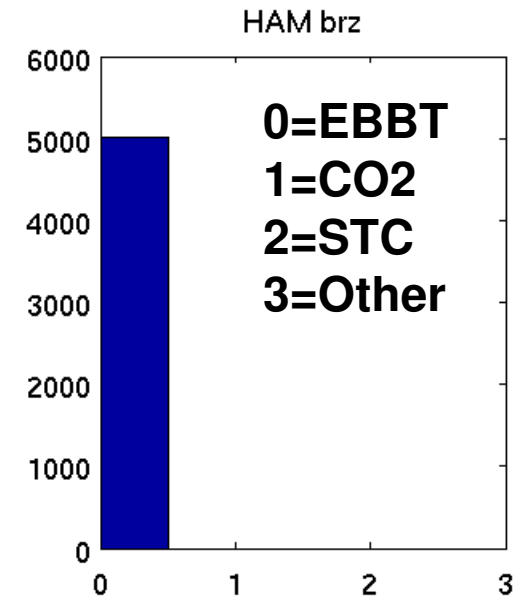
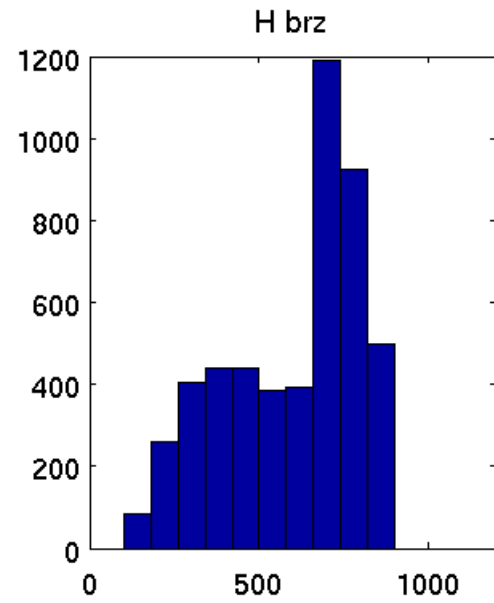
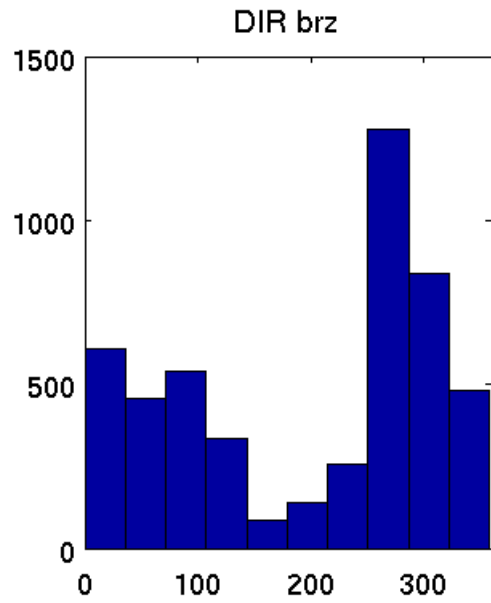
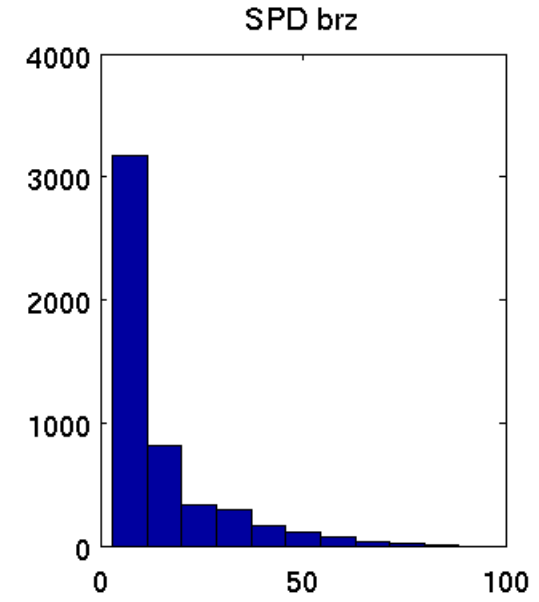
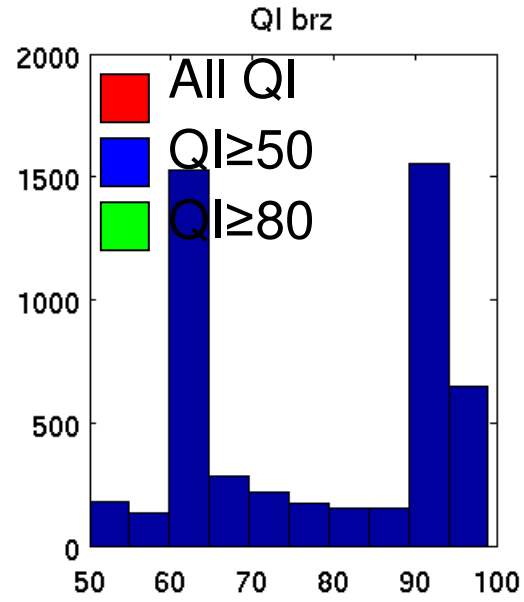
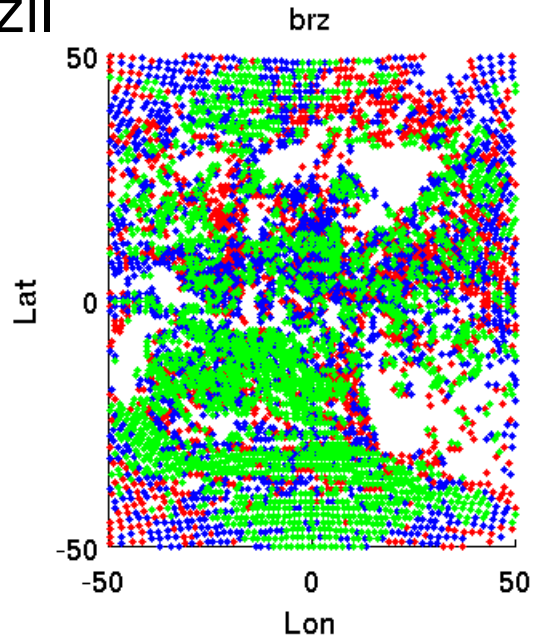
# EUMETSAT



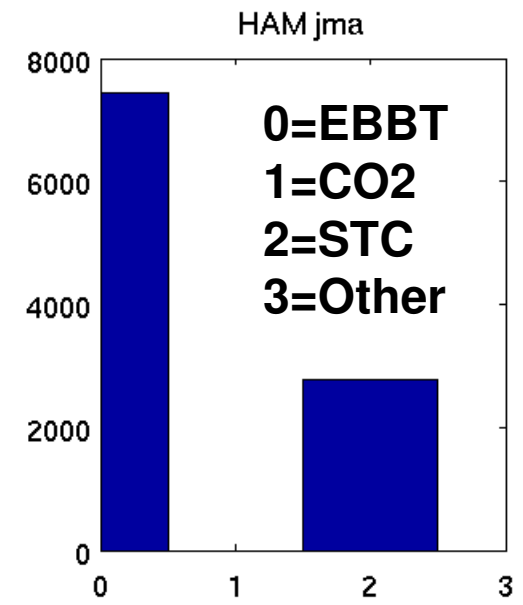
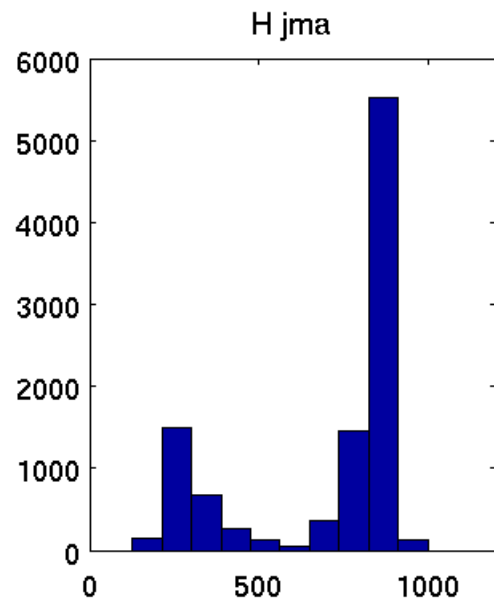
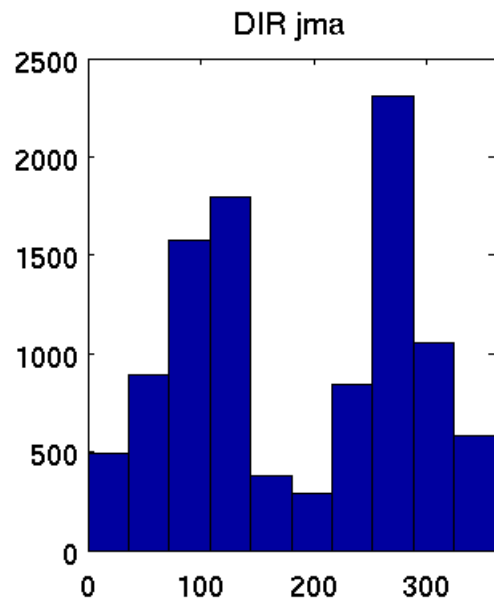
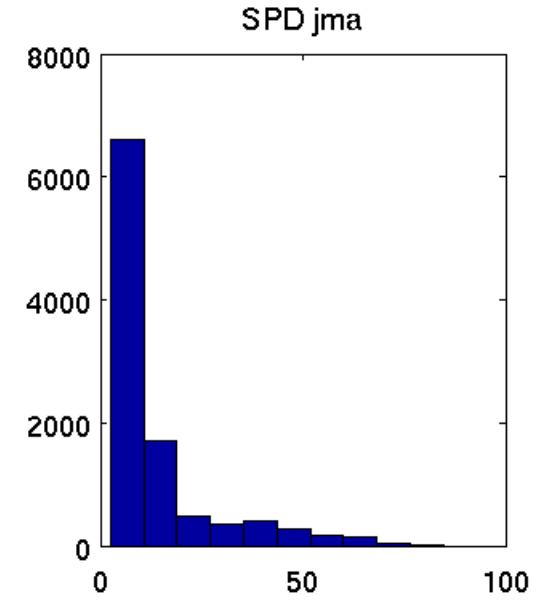
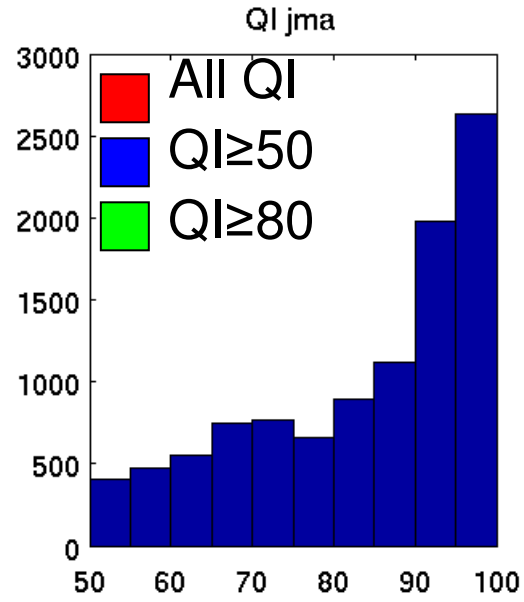
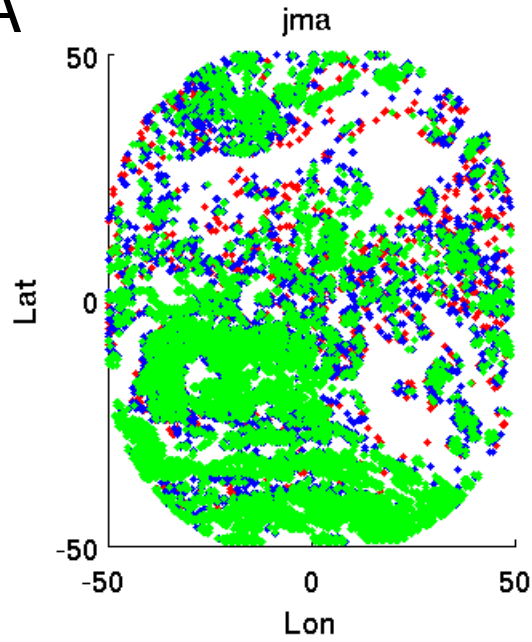
# CIMSS



# Brazil

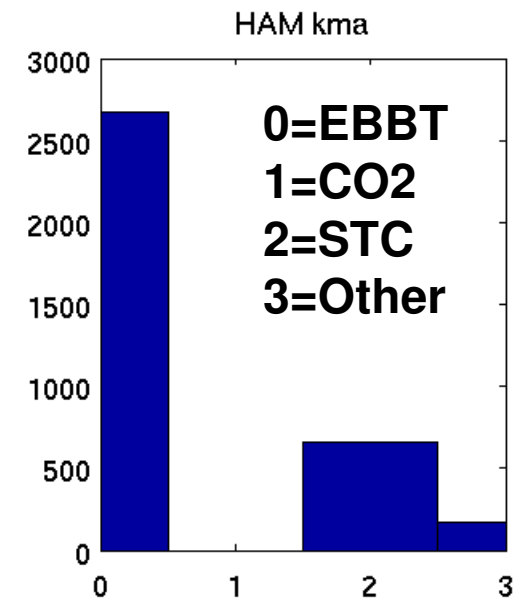
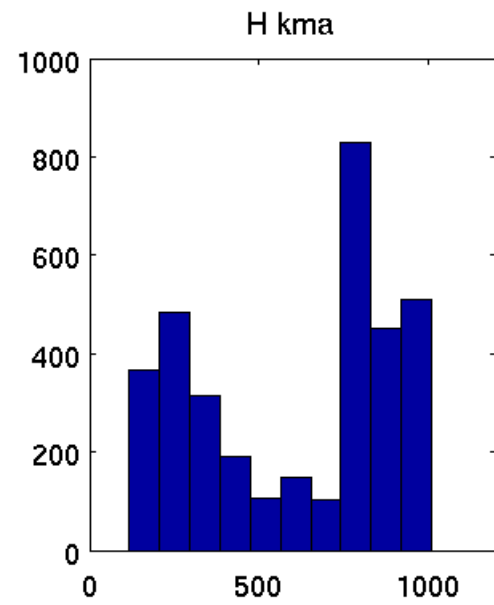
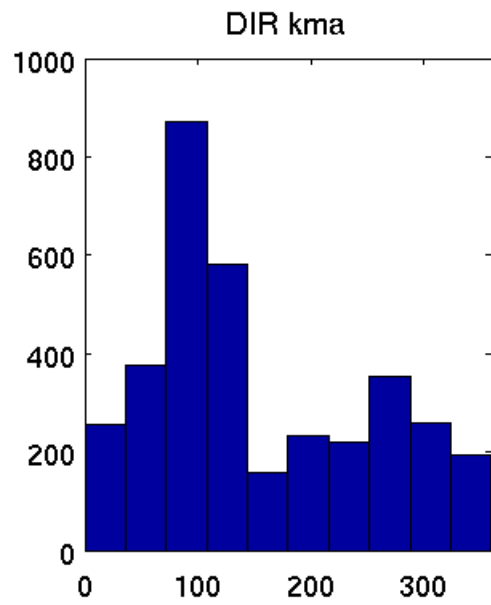
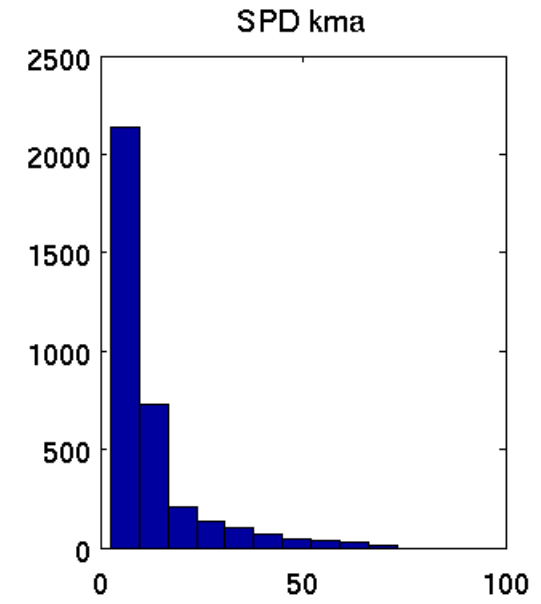
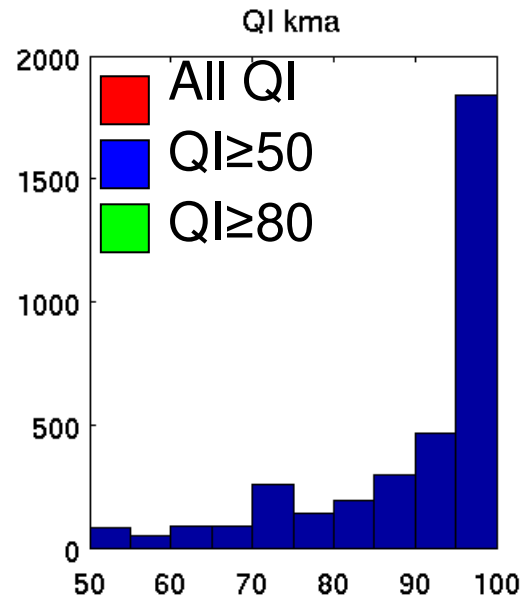
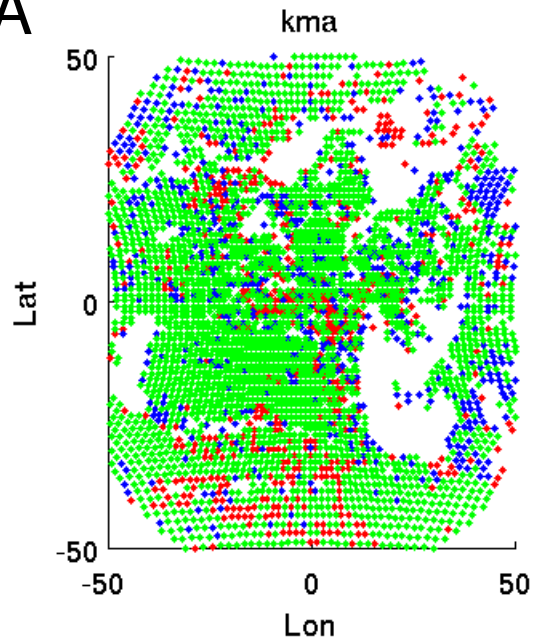


# JMA





# KMA

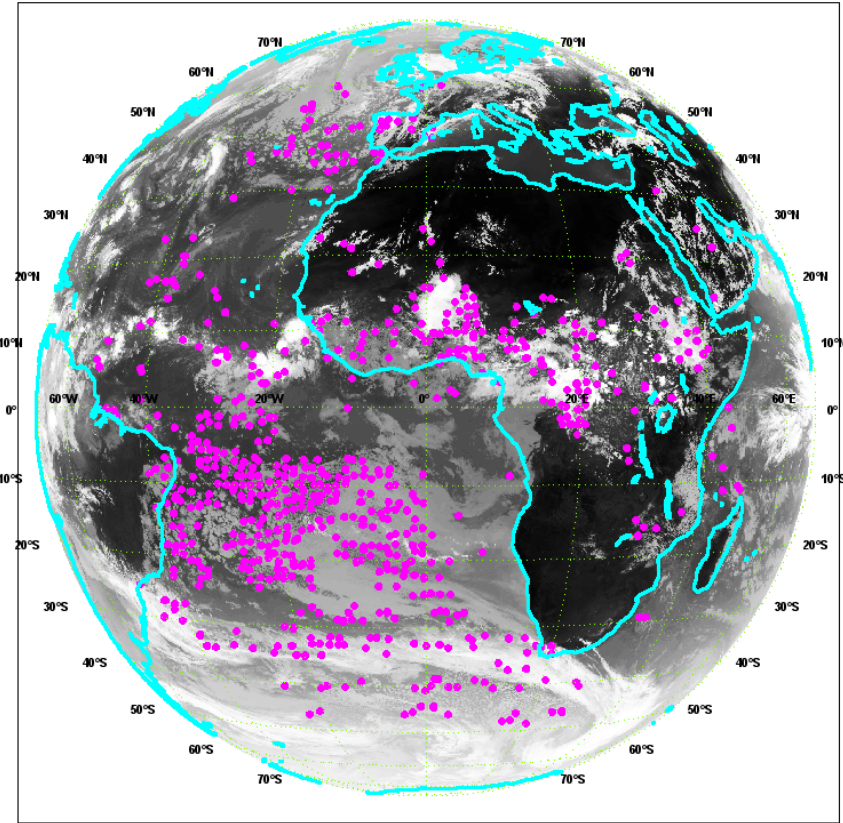
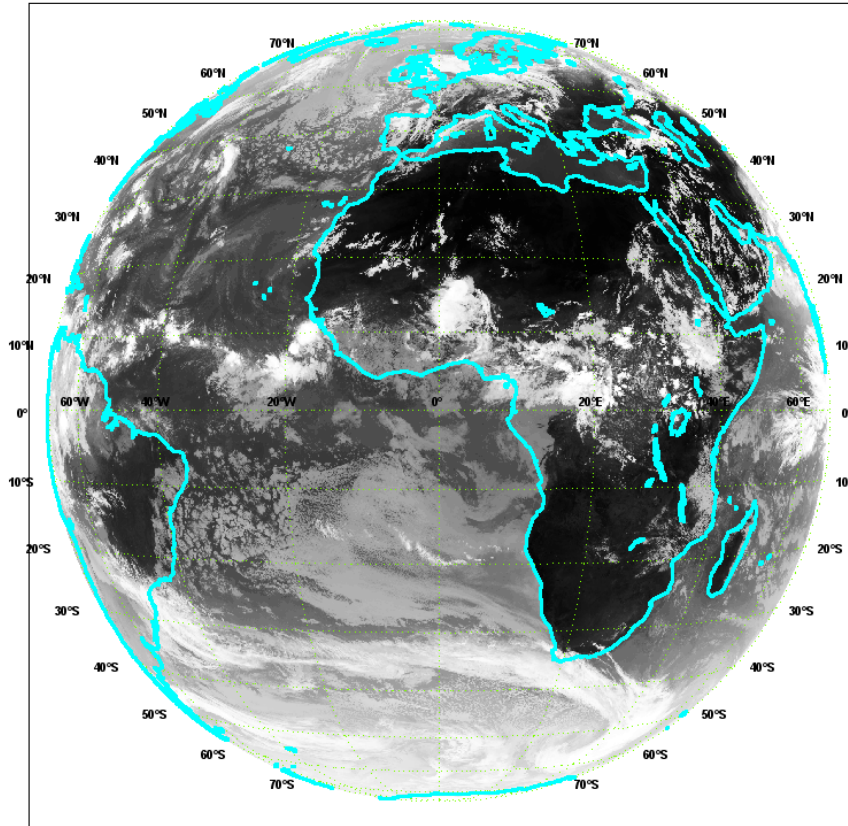


# DATA

	EUMETSAT	NESDIS	Brazil	JMA	KMA
<b>Total num winds</b>	<b>10775</b>	<b>13003</b>	<b>7051</b>	<b>11006</b>	<b>4072</b>
<b>Winds QI&gt;=50</b>	<b>7506</b>	<b>13003</b>	<b>5017</b>	<b>10216</b>	<b>3501</b>
<b>Winds QI&gt;=80</b>	<b>5099</b>	<b>11081</b>	<b>2503</b>	<b>6805</b>	<b>2819</b>
<b>***** For AMV with QI&gt;=50 *****</b>					
<b>SPD min</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.04</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>2.51</b>
<b>SPD max</b>	<b>81.60</b>	<b>84.20</b>	<b>88.50</b>	<b>84.66</b>	<b>73.30</b>
<b>SPD mean</b>	<b>13.18</b>	<b>14.41</b>	<b>14.19</b>	<b>13.79</b>	<b>12.08</b>
<b>P min</b>	<b>102.17</b>	<b>137.00</b>	<b>101.00</b>	<b>125.96</b>	<b>115.00</b>
<b>P max</b>	<b>1008.59</b>	<b>925.00</b>	<b>900.00</b>	<b>997.70</b>	<b>1009.98</b>
<b>P mean</b>	<b>669.27</b>	<b>566.49</b>	<b>598.04</b>	<b>704.34</b>	<b>609.20</b>
<b>Low winds%</b>	<b>57.73</b>	<b>45.87</b>	<b>42.58</b>	<b>72.18</b>	<b>53.61</b>
<b>Mid winds%</b>	<b>11.62</b>	<b>18.81</b>	<b>36.14</b>	<b>4.33</b>	<b>12.11</b>
<b>High winds%</b>	<b>30.66</b>	<b>35.32</b>	<b>21.29</b>	<b>23.49</b>	<b>34.28</b>
<b>Low SPD min</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.12</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>2.56</b>
<b>Low SPD max</b>	<b>50.59</b>	<b>43.40</b>	<b>88.50</b>	<b>82.78</b>	<b>70.16</b>
<b>Low SPD mean</b>	<b>8.09</b>	<b>9.10</b>	<b>8.78</b>	<b>8.73</b>	<b>9.39</b>
<b>Low P min</b>	<b>700.63</b>	<b>700.00</b>	<b>700.00</b>	<b>701.24</b>	<b>700.56</b>
<b>Low P max</b>	<b>1008.59</b>	<b>925.00</b>	<b>900.00</b>	<b>997.70</b>	<b>1009.98</b>
<b>Low P mean</b>	<b>906.65</b>	<b>801.76</b>	<b>777.30</b>	<b>850.93</b>	<b>859.94</b>
<b>Mid SPD min</b>	<b>2.50</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.04</b>	<b>2.54</b>	<b>2.51</b>
<b>Mid SPD max</b>	<b>81.60</b>	<b>59.40</b>	<b>87.54</b>	<b>62.55</b>	<b>63.66</b>
<b>Mid SPD mean</b>	<b>15.53</b>	<b>14.27</b>	<b>15.29</b>	<b>15.42</b>	<b>15.36</b>
<b>Mid P min</b>	<b>400.13</b>	<b>412.00</b>	<b>401.00</b>	<b>400.57</b>	<b>400.02</b>
<b>Mid P max</b>	<b>698.77</b>	<b>687.00</b>	<b>699.00</b>	<b>699.84</b>	<b>698.11</b>
<b>Mid P mean</b>	<b>495.49</b>	<b>574.75</b>	<b>567.38</b>	<b>515.72</b>	<b>521.88</b>
<b>High SPD min</b>	<b>2.52</b>	<b>4.00</b>	<b>3.48</b>	<b>2.53</b>	<b>2.61</b>
<b>High SPD max</b>	<b>81.19</b>	<b>84.20</b>	<b>83.70</b>	<b>84.66</b>	<b>73.30</b>
<b>High SPD mean</b>	<b>21.88</b>	<b>21.37</b>	<b>23.12</b>	<b>29.01</b>	<b>15.12</b>
<b>High P min</b>	<b>102.17</b>	<b>137.00</b>	<b>101.00</b>	<b>125.96</b>	<b>115.00</b>
<b>High P max</b>	<b>399.93</b>	<b>400.00</b>	<b>400.00</b>	<b>399.89</b>	<b>399.77</b>
<b>High P mean</b>	<b>288.11</b>	<b>256.58</b>	<b>291.54</b>	<b>288.69</b>	<b>247.85</b>

# DATA

METEOSAT 8 SEVIRI (Channel 9 IR10.8) Brightness Temperature Friday 18 August 2006 1200UTC



IR10.8  
Total num winds  
Winds QI>=50



EUMETSAT  
10775  
7506



CIMSS  
13003  
13003



Brazil  
7051  
5017

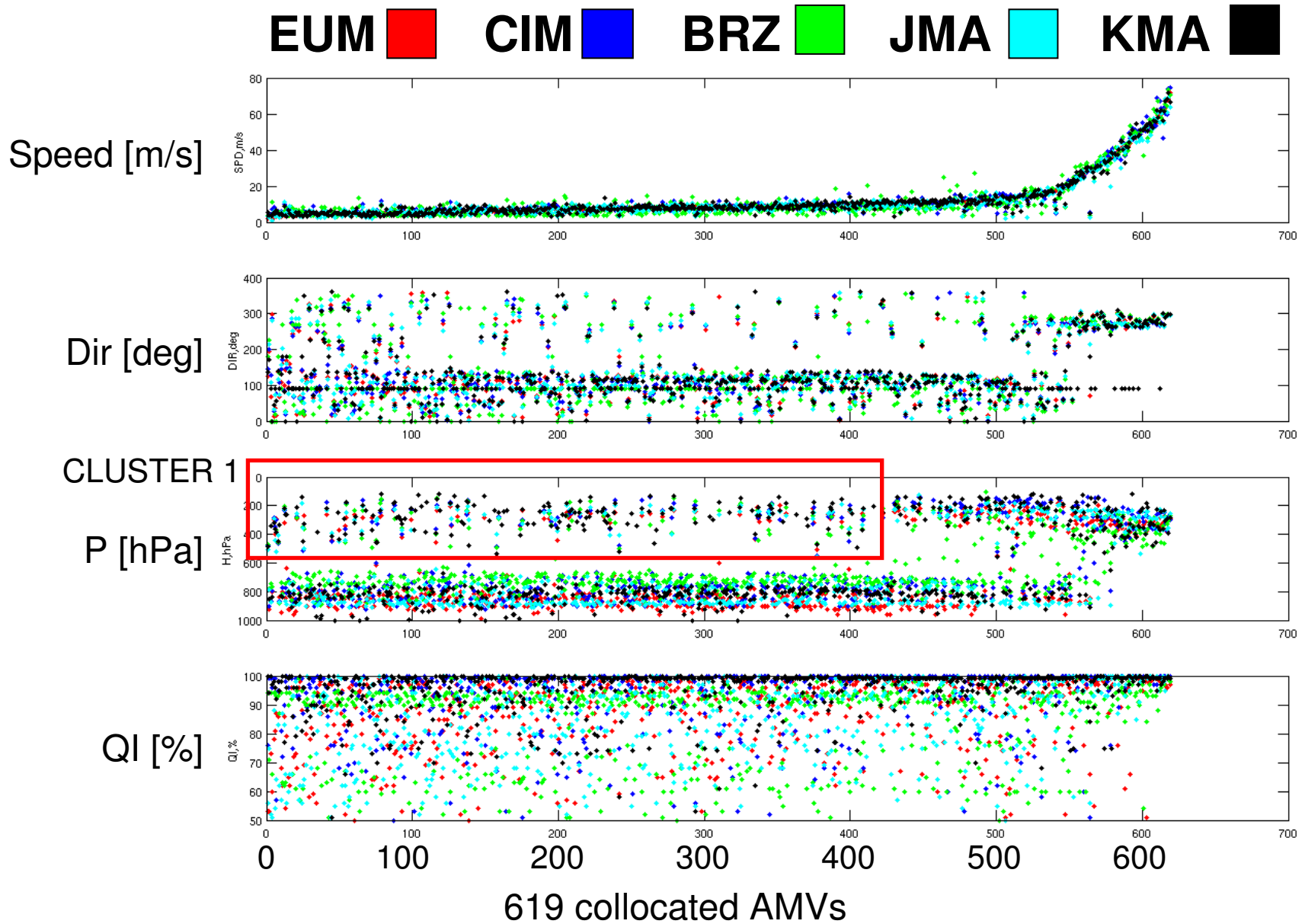


JMA  
11006  
10216

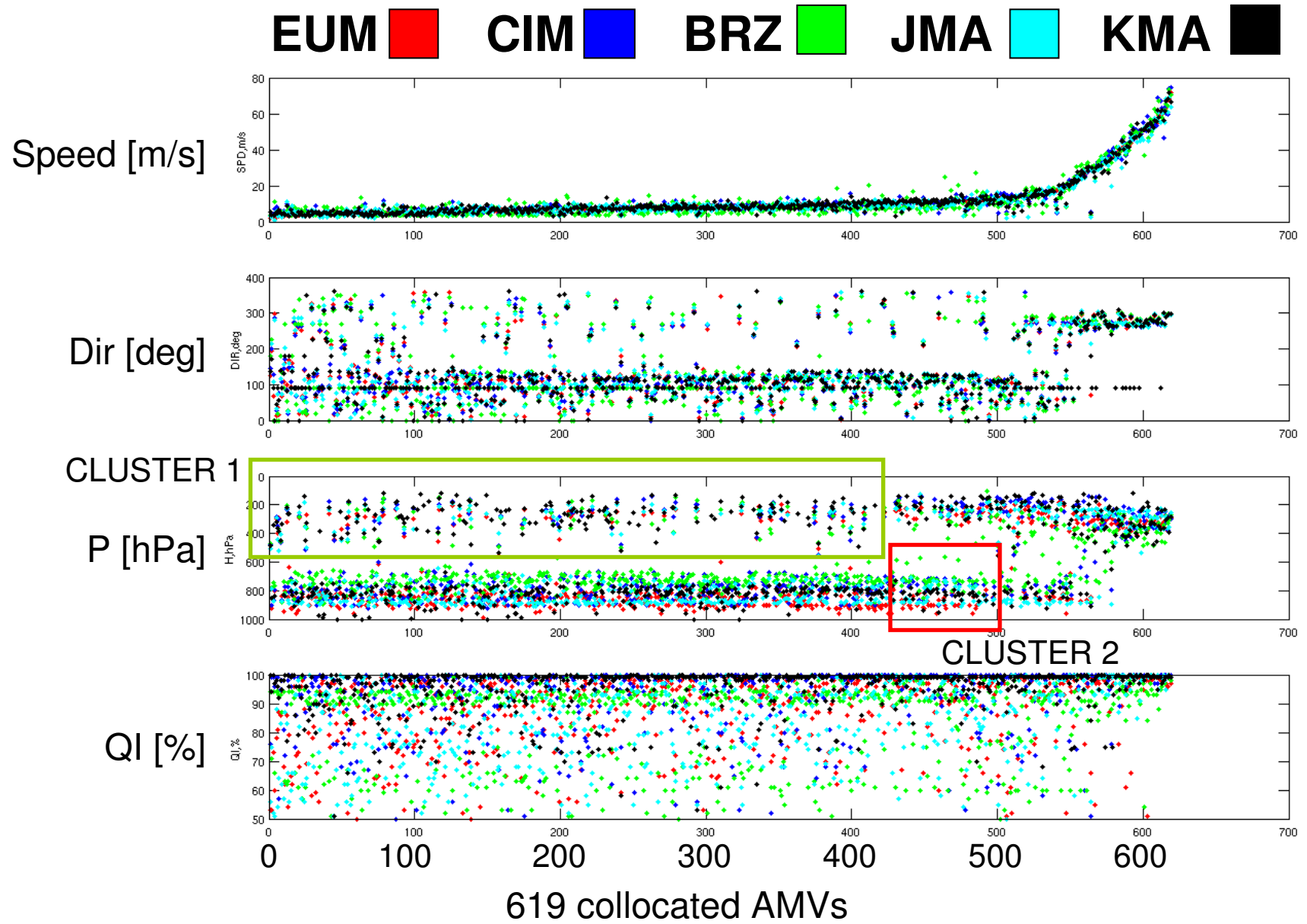


KMA  
4072  
3501

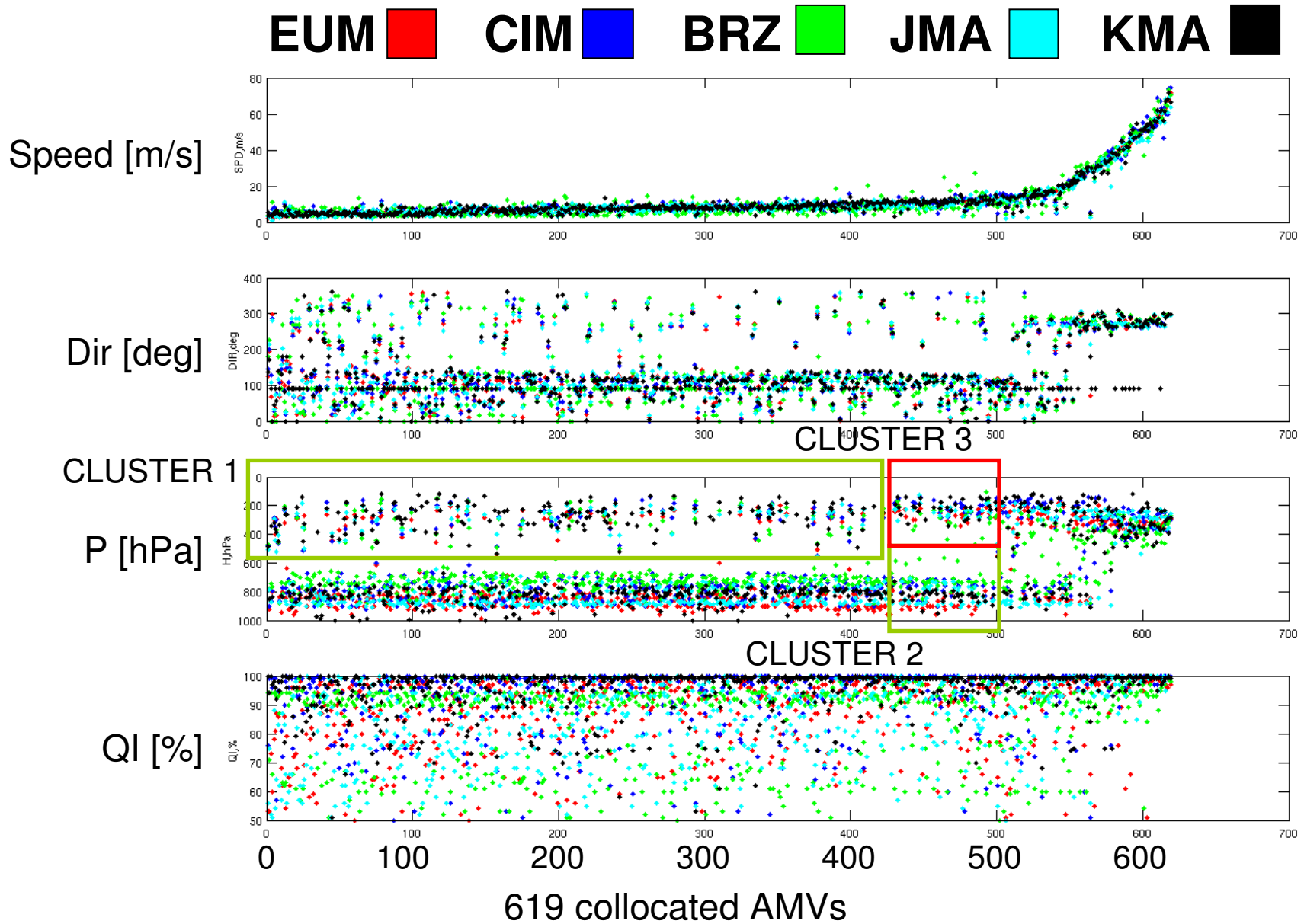
# ANALYSIS



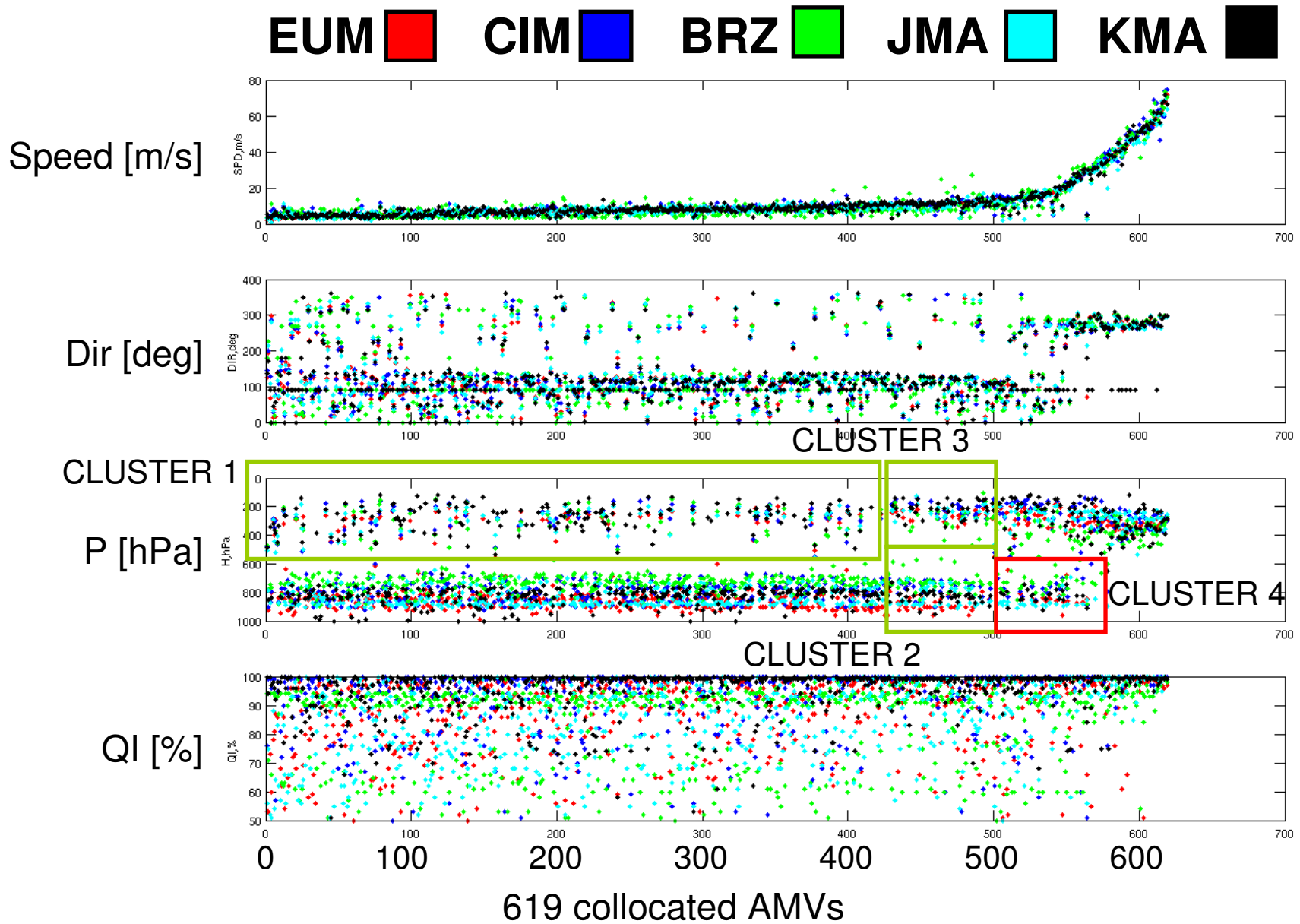
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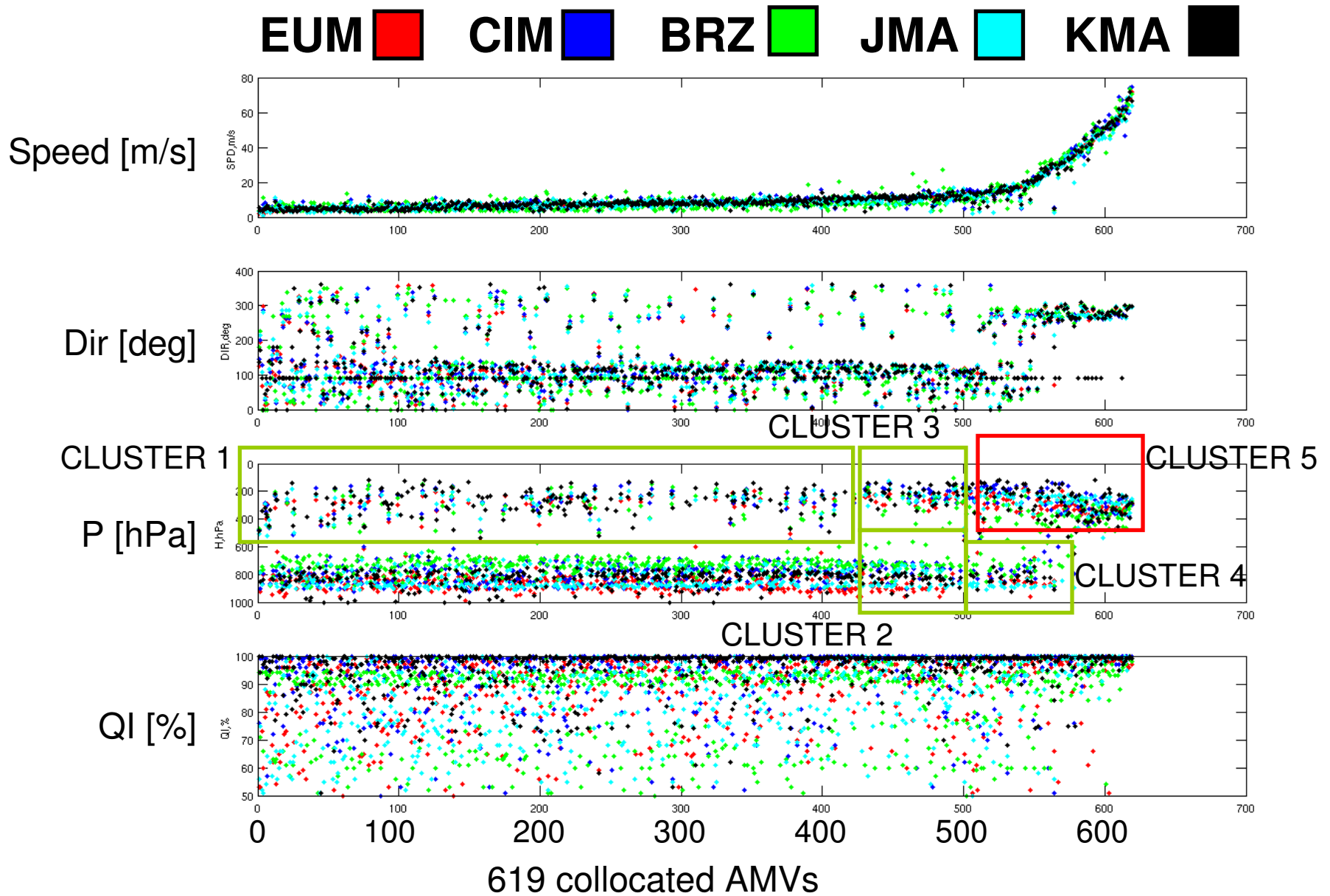
# ANALYSIS



# ANALYSIS



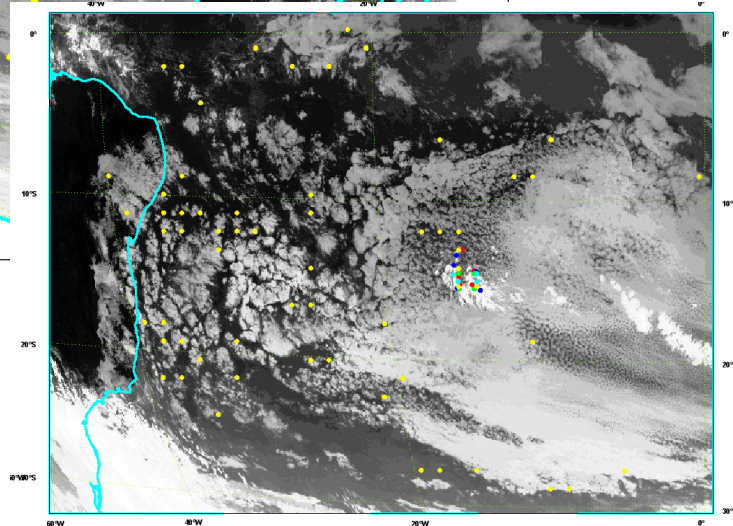
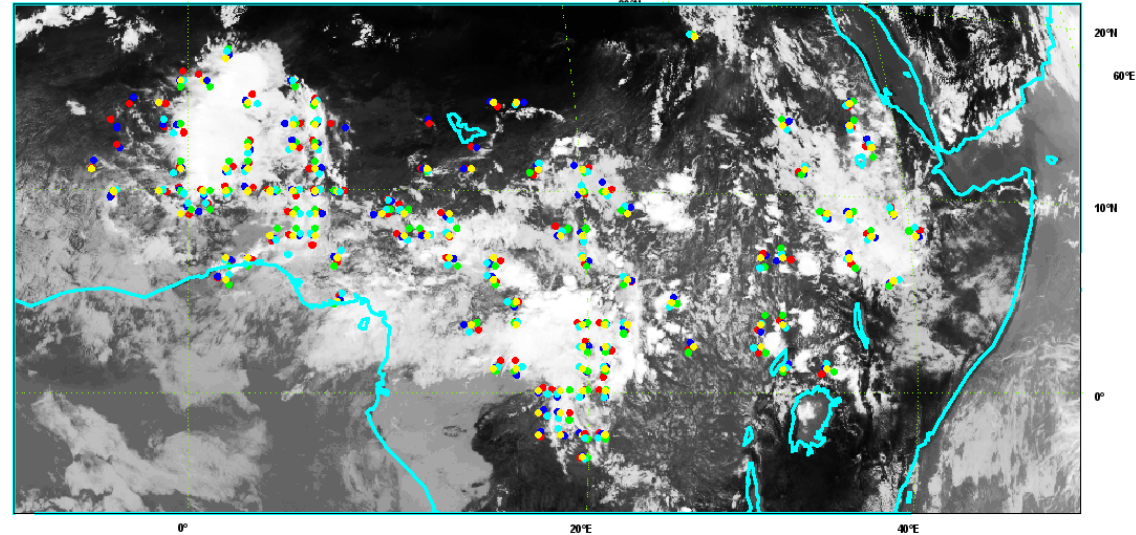
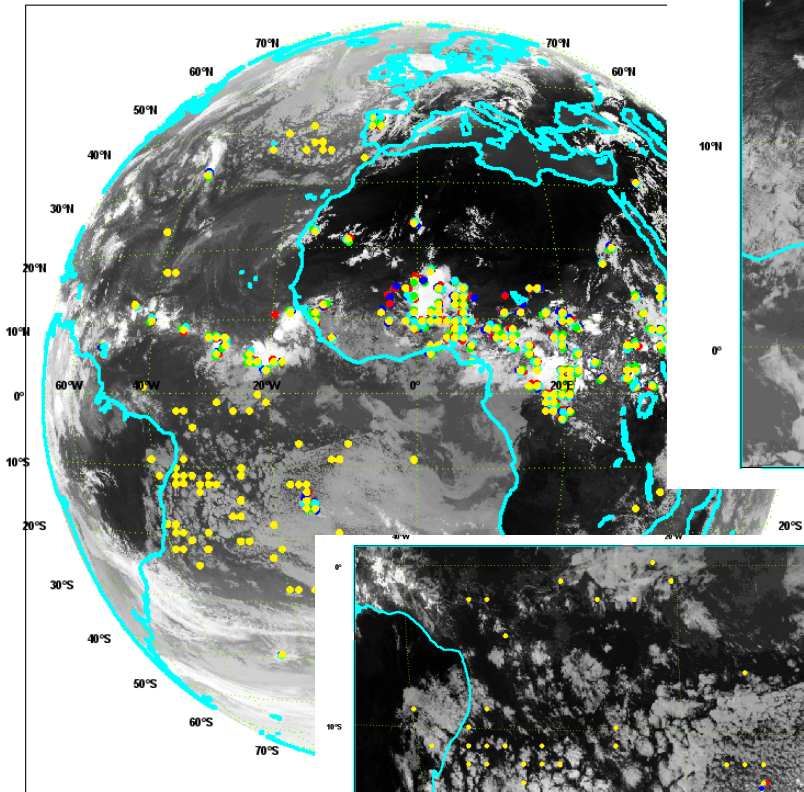
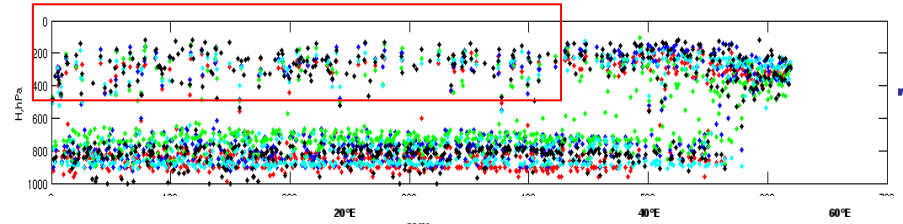
# ANALYSIS





# ANALYSIS – Cluster 1

Speed < 20m/s; P<500hPa

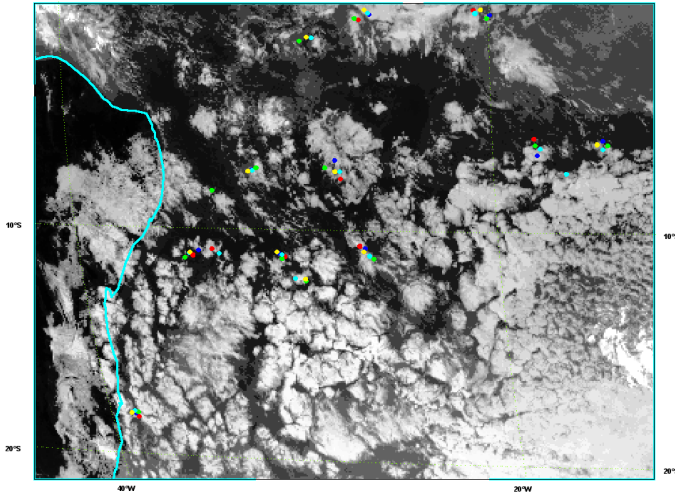
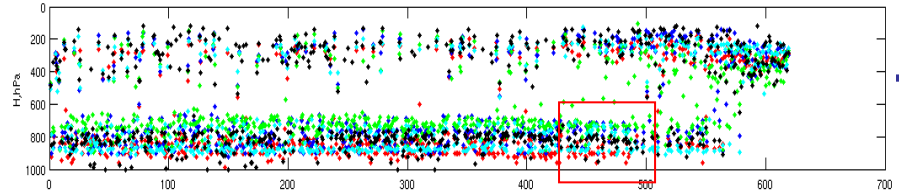


Convective systems over the Equator belt; vertically developing Cumulus; growing or dissipating clouds

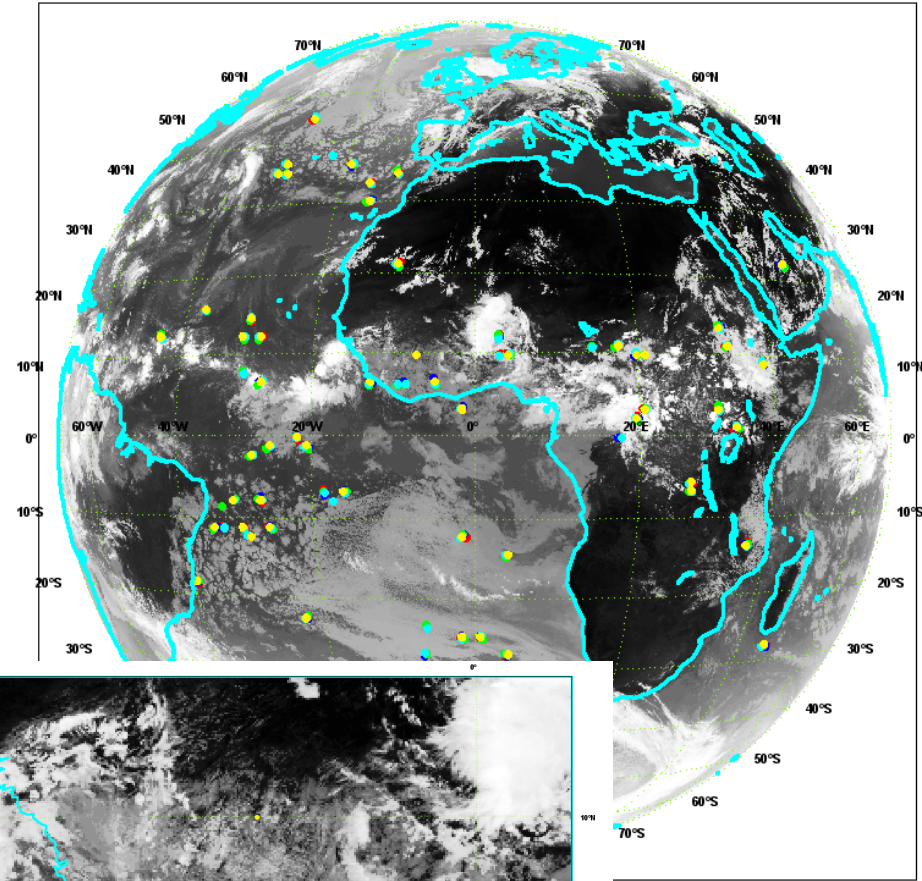
Vertically misplaced winds from tracking open/closed cell marine cumulus

# ANALYSIS – Cluster 2

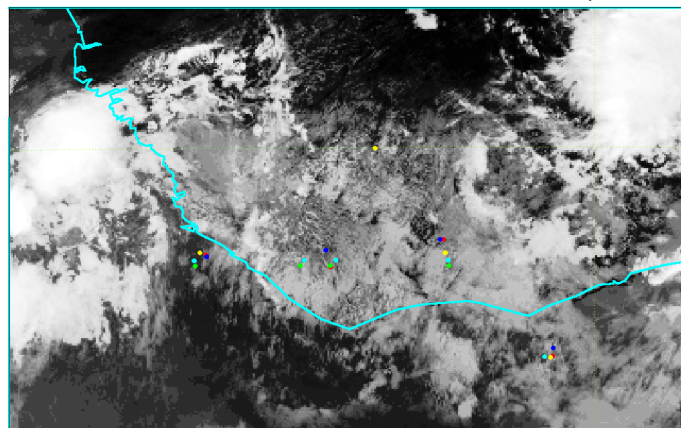
Speed < 20m/s; P>650hPa



low marine cumulus

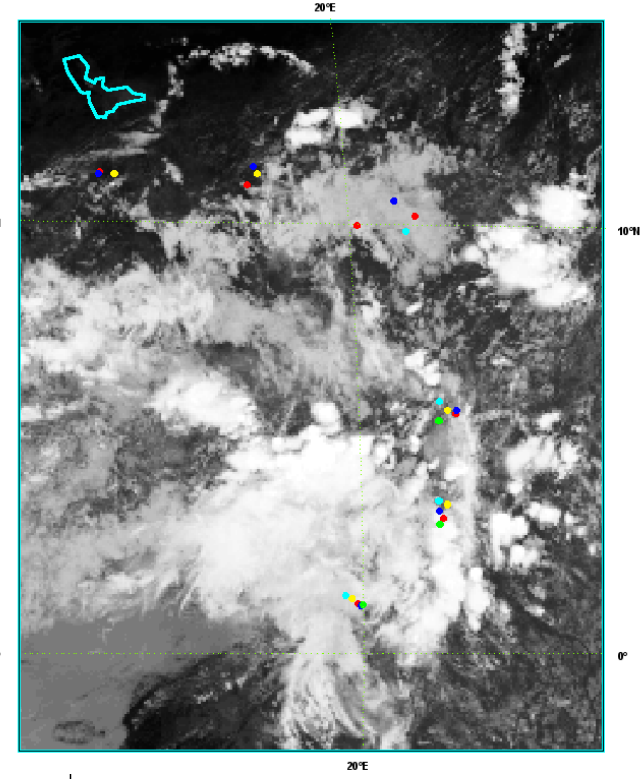
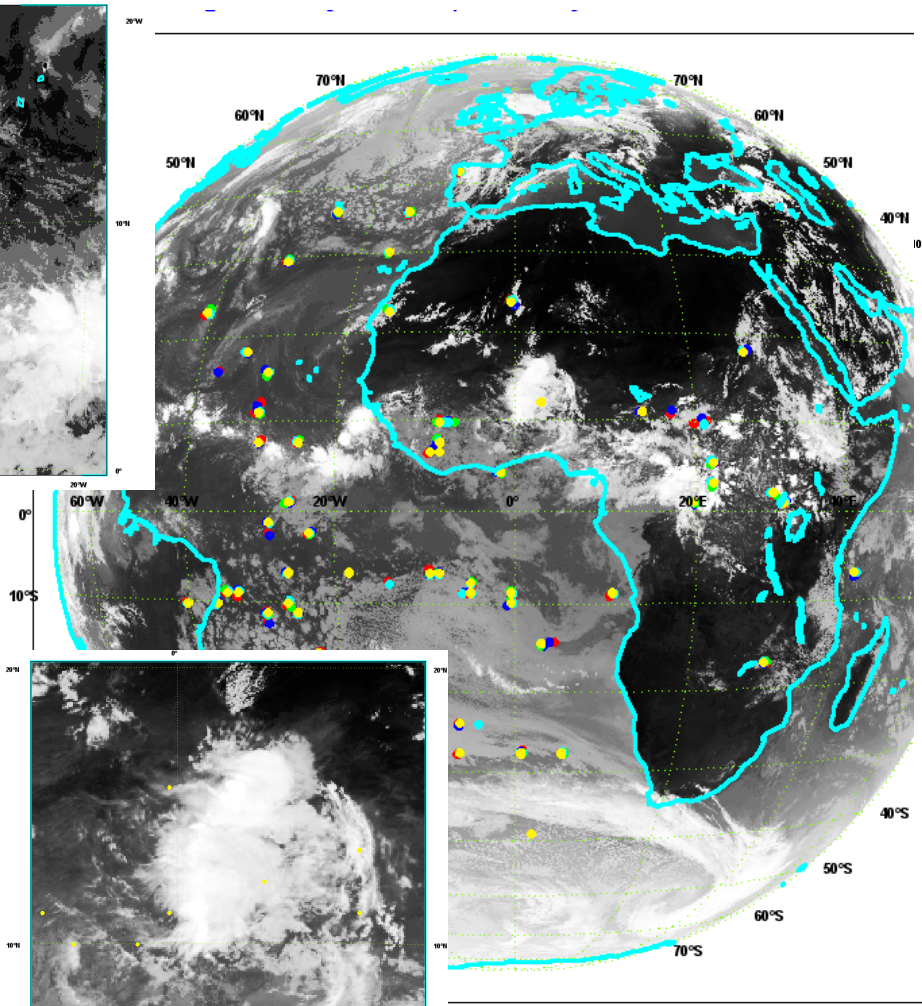
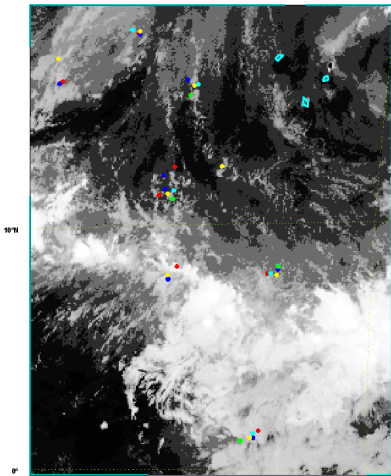
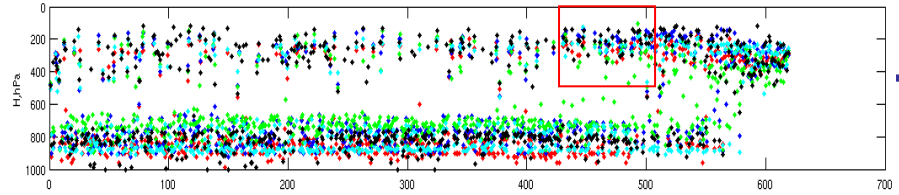


the lower surroundings of  
growing or dissipating  
vertically developing cumulus



# ANALYSIS – Cluster 3

Speed < 20m/s; P<400hPa



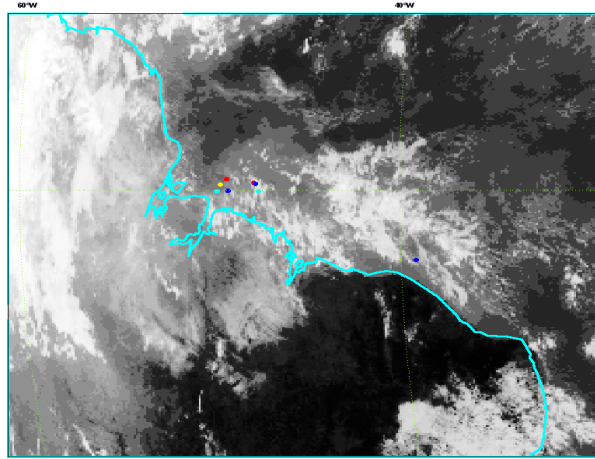
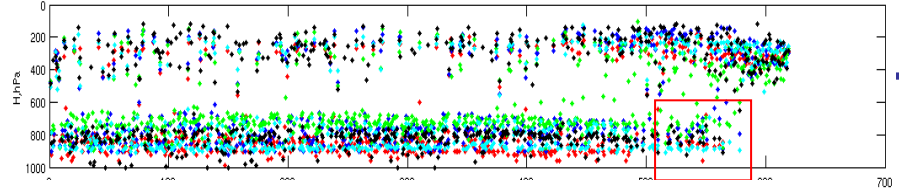
appear lower than assigned height

wrong heights

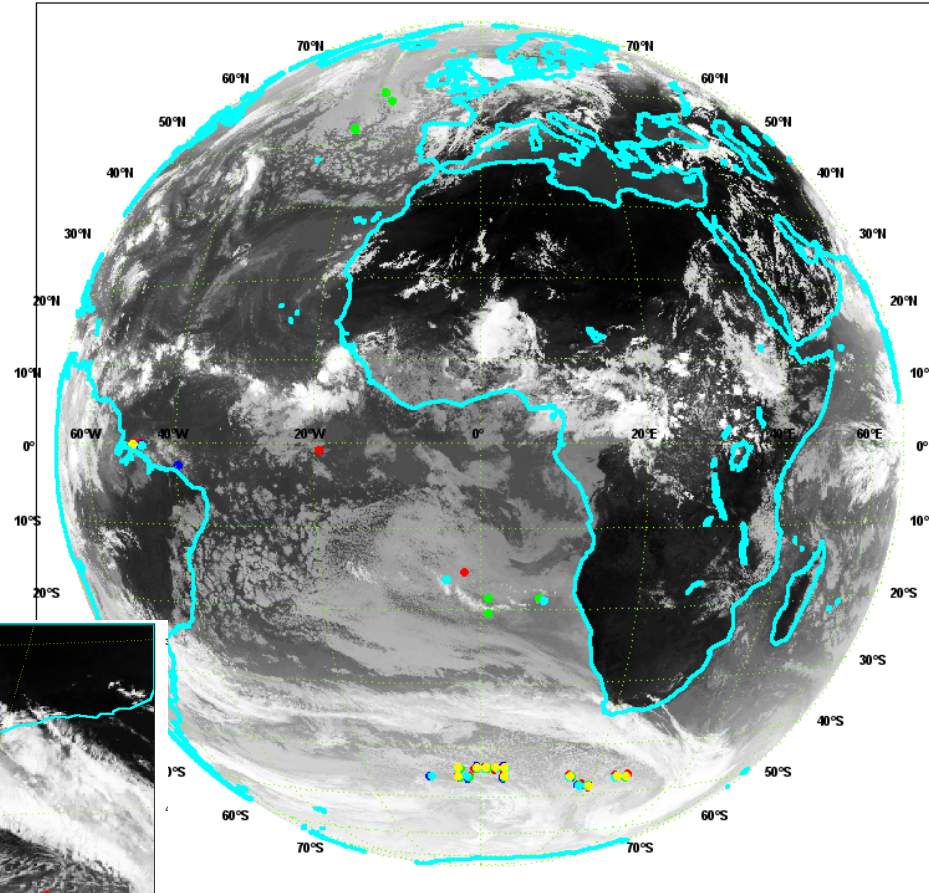
properly placed convective tracers

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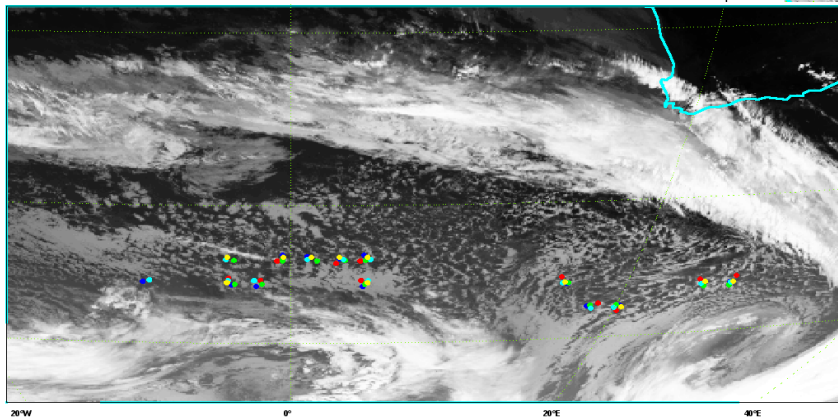
Speed > 20m/s; P>650hPa



west trades

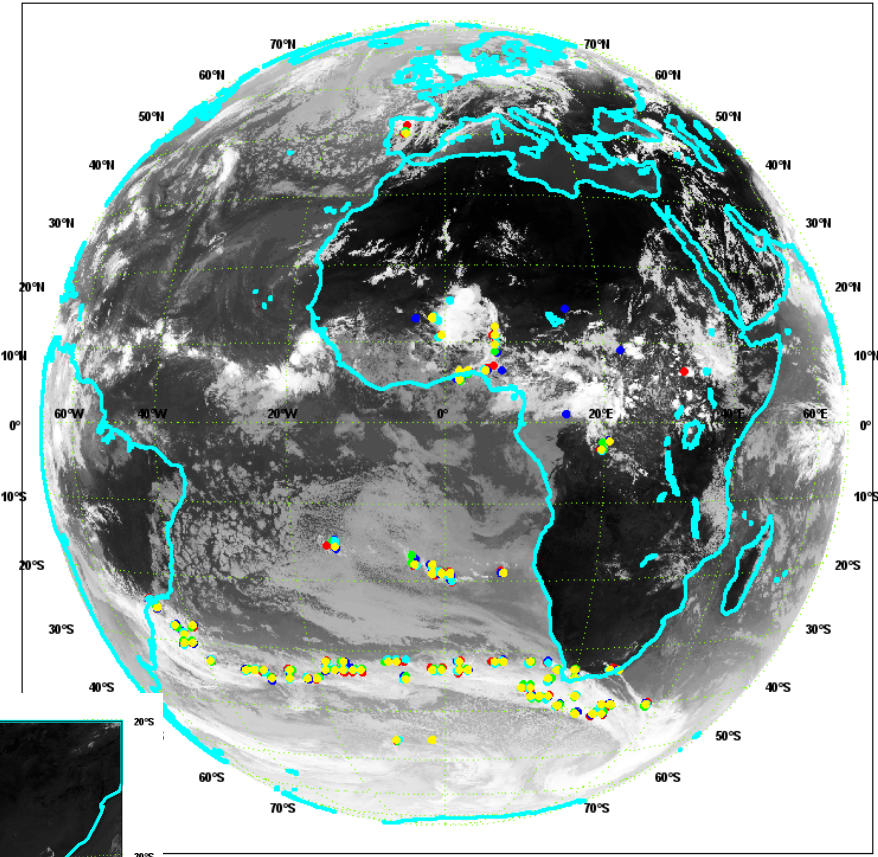
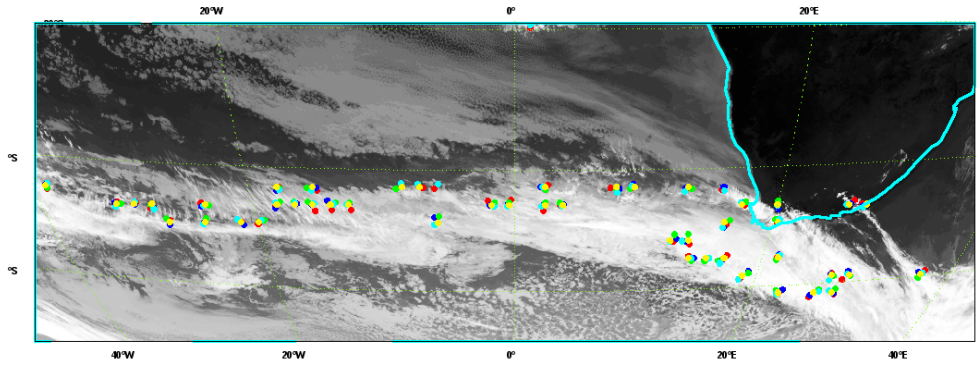
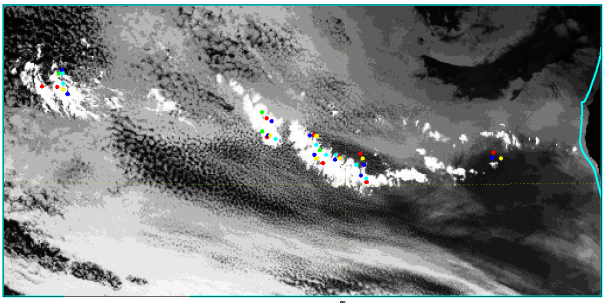
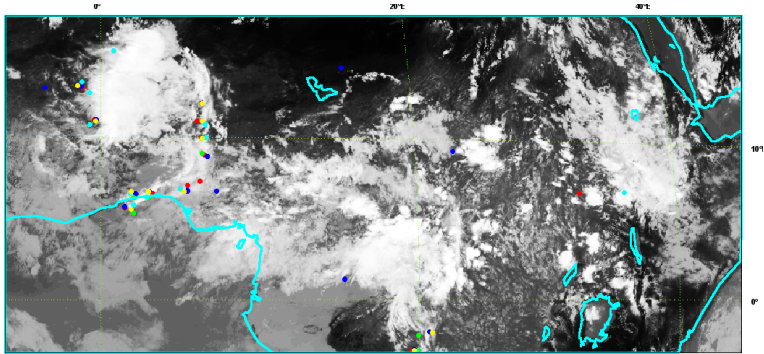
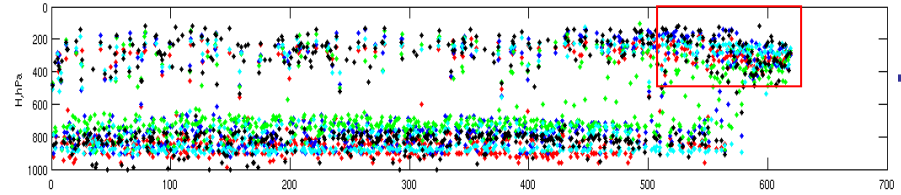


faster moving marine cumulus, possibly part of a polar front



# ANALYSIS – Cluster 5

Speed > 20m/s; P<400hPa



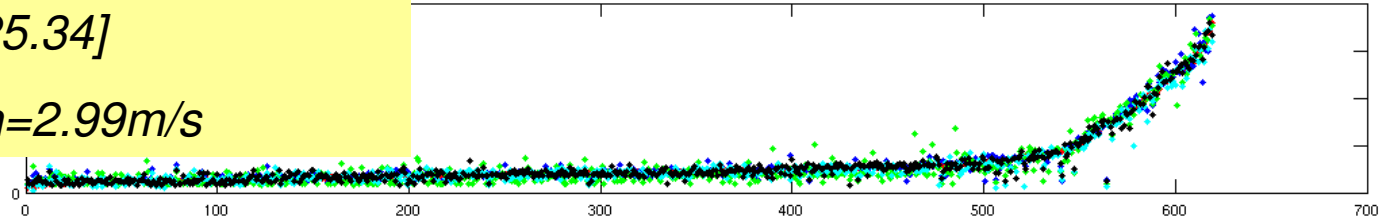
well developed optically thick cirrus

# ANALYSIS

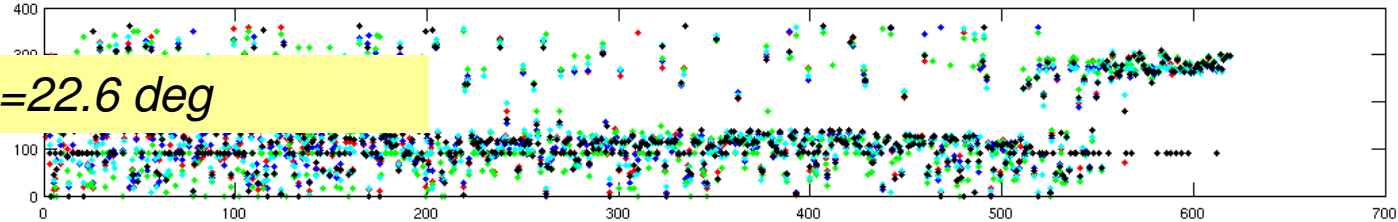
EUM ■ CIM ■ BRZ ■ JMA ■ KMA ■

*Spd Diff  $\subset [0, 25.34]$*

*Spd Diff Median=2.99m/s*

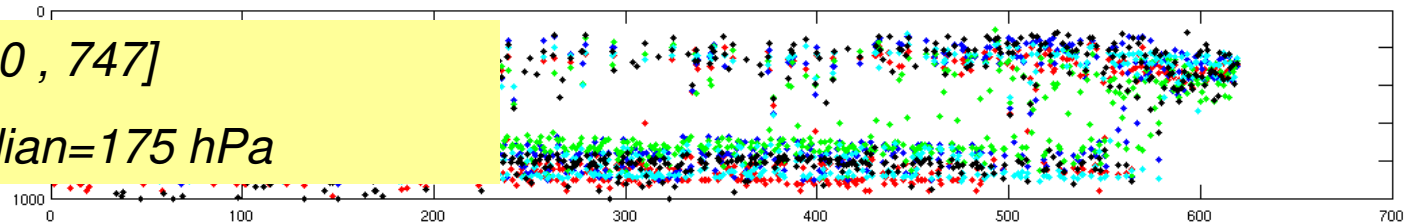


*Dir Diff Median=22.6 deg*

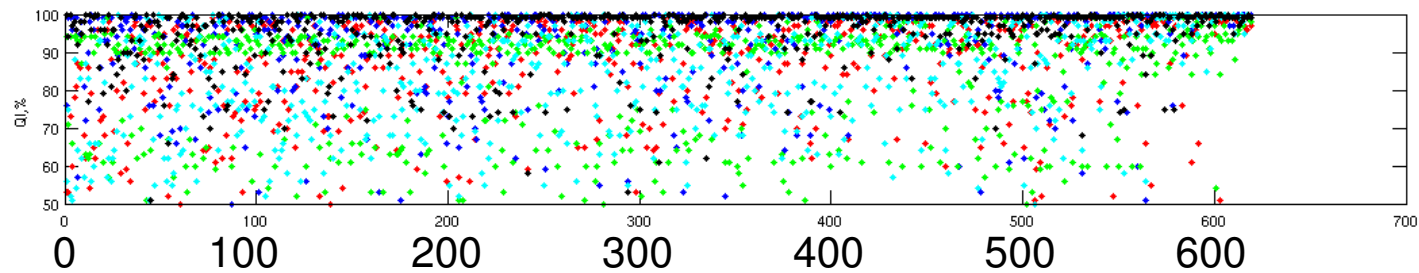


*Press Diff  $\subset [20, 747]$*

*Press Diff Median=175 hPa*



QI [%]




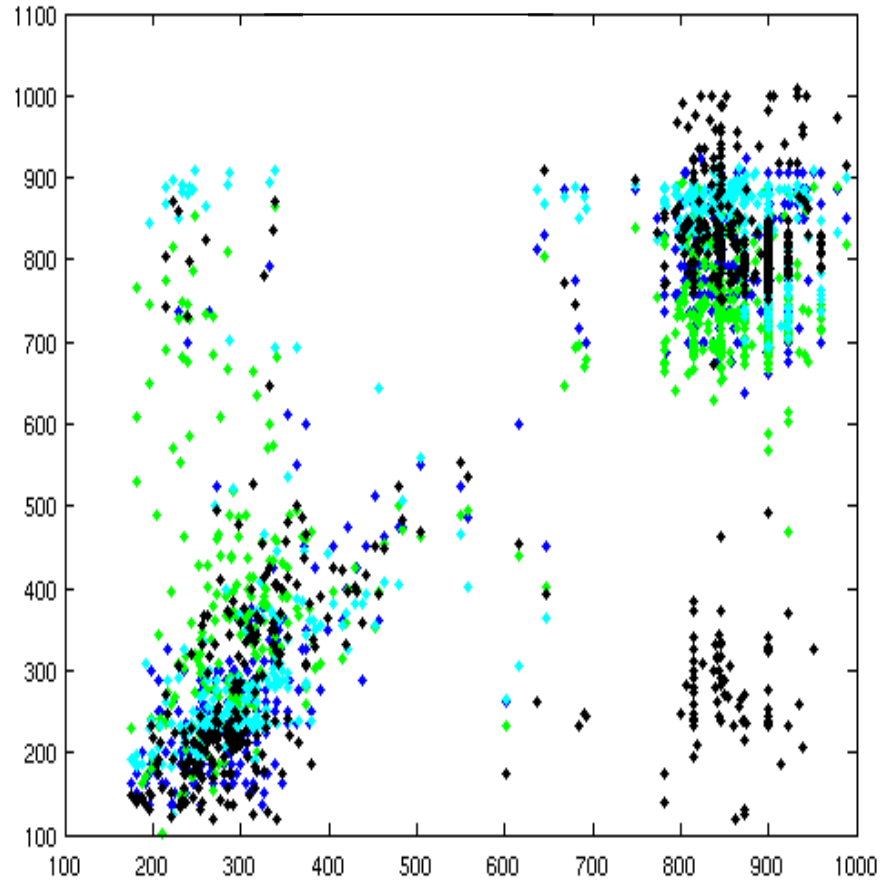
619 collocated AMVs

# ANALYSIS

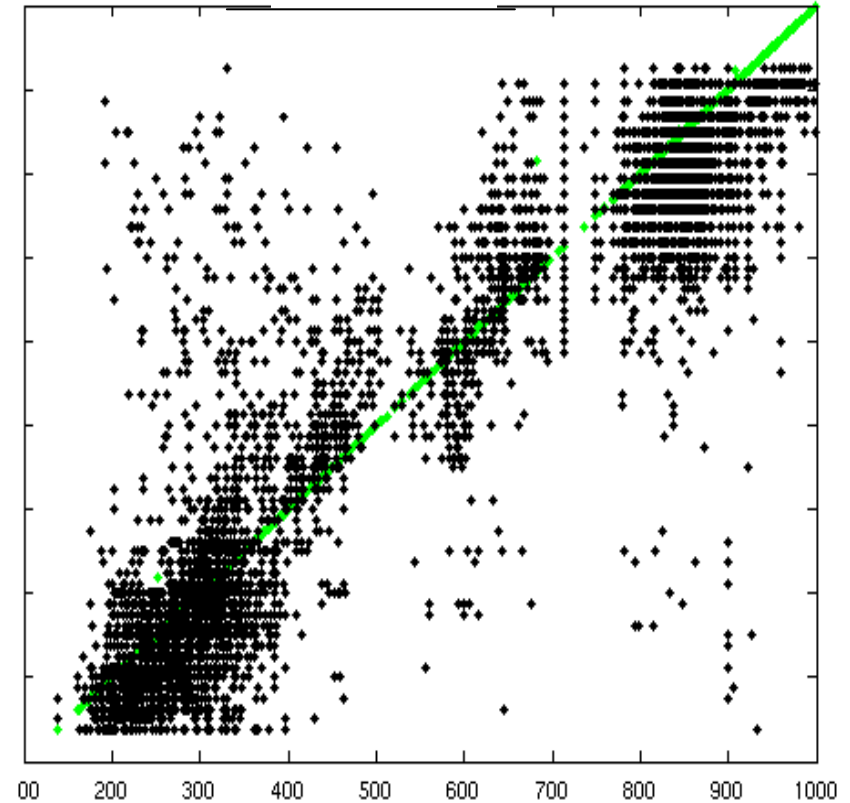
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CIM  BRZ  JMA  KMA 

JMA  CIM 



**EUMETSAT Hamv, hPa**  
**( 619 points )**



**EUMETSAT Hamv, hPa**  
**( 7649 points )**

## STATISTICAL ANALYSIS – Collocation with RAOBs

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<b>QI≥50</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>SPDbias</b>	<b>SPDrms</b>	<b>DIRbias</b>	<b>Vrms</b>
<b>EUM</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>-1.17</b>	<b>5.54</b>	<b>0.66</b>	<b>7.25</b>
<b>NESDIS</b>	<b>802</b>	<b>-0.42</b>	<b>4.53</b>	<b>0.35</b>	<b>6.63</b>
<b>JMA</b>	<b>541</b>	<b>-3.21</b>	<b>8.05</b>	<b>3.30</b>	<b>9.34</b>
<b>BRZ</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>-1.28</b>	<b>7.32</b>	<b>3.47</b>	<b>10.52</b>
<b>KMA</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>-3.03</b>	<b>8.42</b>	<b>-11.67</b>	<b>12.57</b>
<b>QI≥80</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>SPDbias</b>	<b>SPDrms</b>	<b>DIRbias</b>	<b>Vrms</b>
<b>EUM</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>-0.53</b>	<b>4.57</b>	<b>0.84</b>	<b>6.16</b>
<b>NESDIS</b>	<b>653</b>	<b>-0.17</b>	<b>4.40</b>	<b>-0.57</b>	<b>6.62</b>
<b>JMA</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>-1.57</b>	<b>7.42</b>	<b>0.24</b>	<b>8.64</b>
<b>BRZ</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>-0.07</b>	<b>6.34</b>	<b>-1.93</b>	<b>8.65</b>
<b>KMA</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>-2.57</b>	<b>7.53</b>	<b>-9.87</b>	<b>12.05</b>



# STATISTICAL ANALYSIS – Collocation with ECMWF forecast

<b>QI≥50</b>	<b>ALL</b>	<b>HIGH</b>	<b>MIDDLE</b>	<b>LOW</b>
<b>EUMETSAT</b>				
N	619	202	26	391
Mean	0.09	0.04	-0.97	0.19
Median	0.03	0.58	-0.59	-0.04
Std	3.04	4.28	2.75	2.14
<b>NESDIS</b>				
N	<b>619</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>376</b>
Mean	<b>0.23</b>	<b>-0.88</b>	<b>0.82</b>	<b>0.74</b>
Median	<b>0.22</b>	<b>-0.40</b>	<b>0.58</b>	<b>0.44</b>
Std	<b>3.58</b>	<b>4.83</b>	<b>3.61</b>	<b>2.53</b>
<b>JMA</b>				
N	619	187	19	413
Mean	-0.51	-2.39	0.83	0.27
Median	-0.44	-2.26	0.20	-0.03
Std	4.07	5.11	5.80	3.04
<b>Brazil</b>				
N	619	144	152	323
Mean	0.49	0.40	2.05	-0.20
Median	-0.24	-0.12	0.19	-0.42
Std	5.58	5.95	7.65	3.86
<b>KMA</b>				
N	619	254	35	330
Mean	-0.57	-2.60	2.91	0.61
Median	-0.19	-2.12	2.60	0.34
Std	5.48	6.85	8.15	2.74

<b>QI≥85</b>	<b>ALL</b>	<b>HIGH</b>	<b>MIDDLE</b>	<b>LOW</b>
<b>EUMETSAT</b>				
N	<b>439</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>293</b>
Mean	<b>0.27</b>	<b>0.75</b>	<b>-2.27</b>	<b>0.13</b>
Median	<b>0.15</b>	<b>1.12</b>	<b>-1.67</b>	<b>0.03</b>
Std	<b>2.66</b>	<b>4.08</b>	<b>3.07</b>	<b>1.52</b>
<b>NESDIS</b>				
N	516	164	30	322
Mean	0.53	-0.29	1.39	0.87
Median	0.57	0.08	1.43	0.60
Std	3.51	4.75	3.46	2.58
<b>JMA</b>				
N	<b>366</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>227</b>
Mean	<b>-0.46</b>	<b>-2.30</b>	<b>0.04</b>	<b>0.59</b>
Median	<b>-0.37</b>	<b>-2.24</b>	<b>-0.86</b>	<b>0.16</b>
Std	<b>4.39</b>	<b>5.38</b>	<b>7.00</b>	<b>3.15</b>
<b>Brazil</b>				
N	425	93	99	233
Mean	0.57	0.89	2.93	-0.56
Median	-0.32	0.00	0.97	-0.71
Std	5.83	6.02	8.26	3.90
<b>KMA</b>				
N	552	229	25	298
Mean	-0.49	-2.37	2.68	0.67
Median	-0.14	-2.06	2.69	0.42
Std	5.33	6.88	7.27	2.69

## SUMMARY

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- ❑ *The inter-comparison of AMVs derived by 5 producers from the same SEVIRI imagery estimated median values for the difference in Speed, Direction and Pressure to be 2.99m/s, 22 deg and 175 hPa*
- ❑ *Targets size, pixel selection and HA method are most important for the AMV height assignment accuracy*
- ❑ *Quality Indicator implementation varies across the AMV producing centers (not good), yet it is efficient for screening bad (spatially inconsistent) AMVs*
- ❑ *Collocation with RAOBs reports EUMETSAT and NESDIS winds to be of similar quality, while JMA's speed bias, rms and vector rms are about 1m/s, 3m/s and 2m/s worse*
- ❑ *First Guess departure analysis show EUMETSAT Low (700-1100hPa) and NESDIS Mid-level (400-700hPa) winds to be superior*
- ❑ *For All winds JMA's FG departures mean and standard deviations are larger by 0.2m/s and 2m/s*
- ❑ *Brazil and KMA's wind retrievals need further improvement*

## **ACTION STEPS**

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- ❑ *KMA has improved AMV algorithm - introduced at the 2008 EUMETSAT conference*
- ❑ *JMA implemented improved tracking and new pixel selection approach for the height assignment*
- ❑ *NESDIS is revisiting the low level inversion correction (GOES-R)*
- ❑ *EUMETSAT is testing new pixel selection approach and developing new cloud analysis product*

***The data used in the study is now too old, but study could be repeated (periodically?) much faster with new data, if producers and users find results useful for further algorithm development and improved AMV use***