



Arctic PBL cloud height and motion retrievals from MISR and MINX

Dong L. Wu

NASA Goddard Space Flight Center

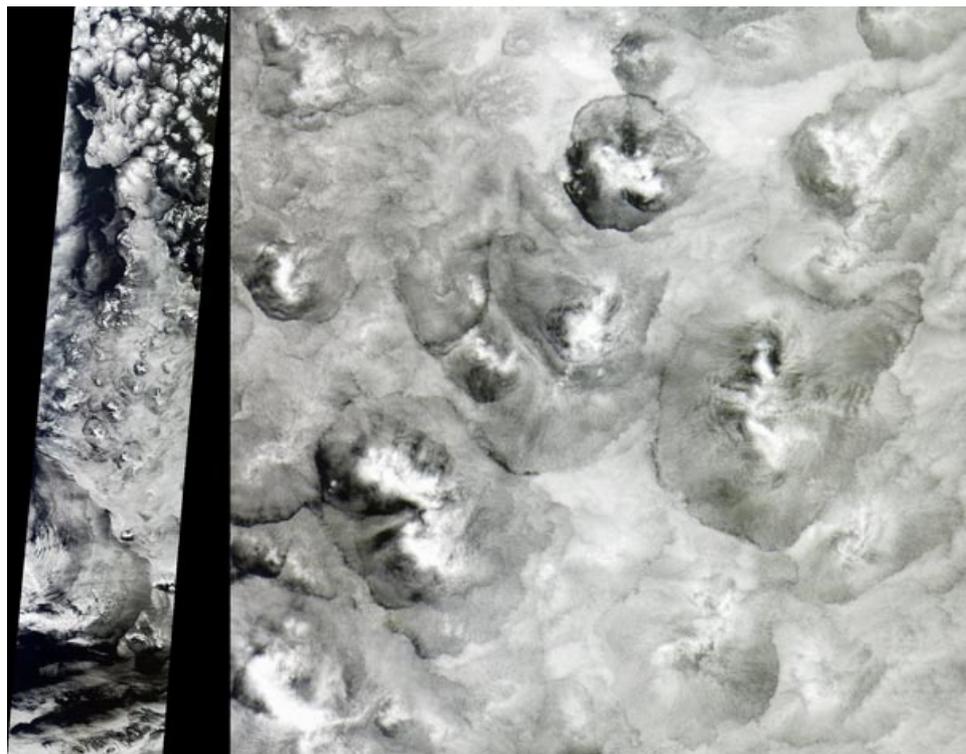
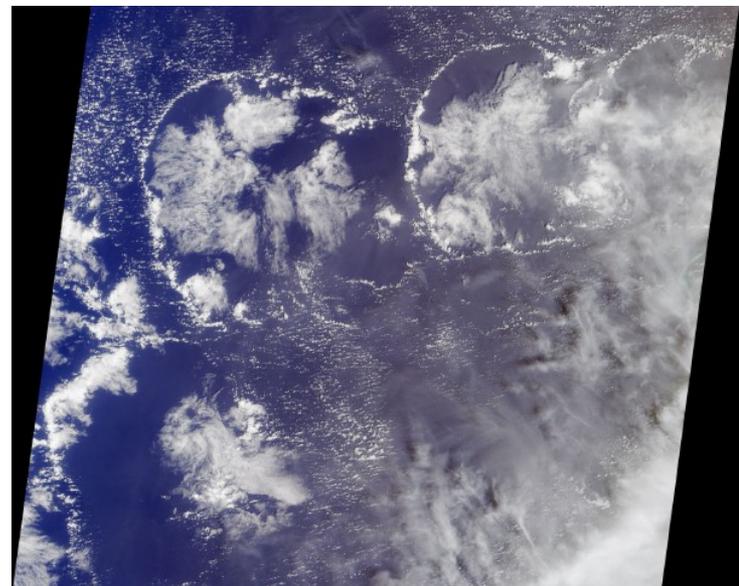
JPL Cloud Stereo Algorithm Team:

Michael Garay, Earl Hansen, Veljko Jovanovic, Catherine Moroney, Kevin Mueller, David Nelson and David Diner (PI)

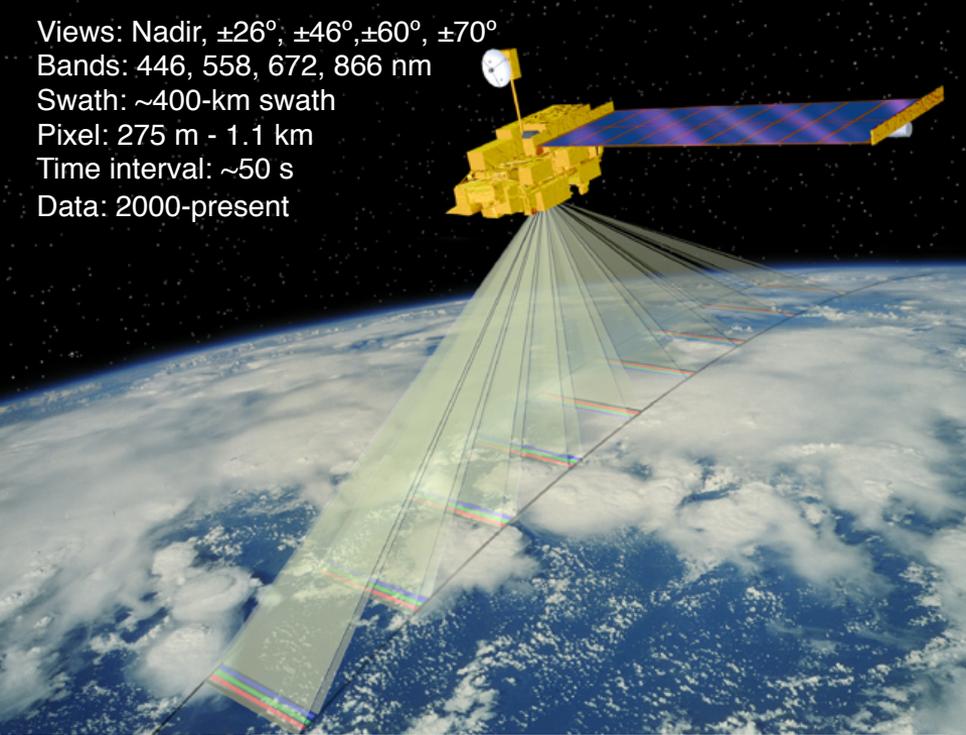


Outline

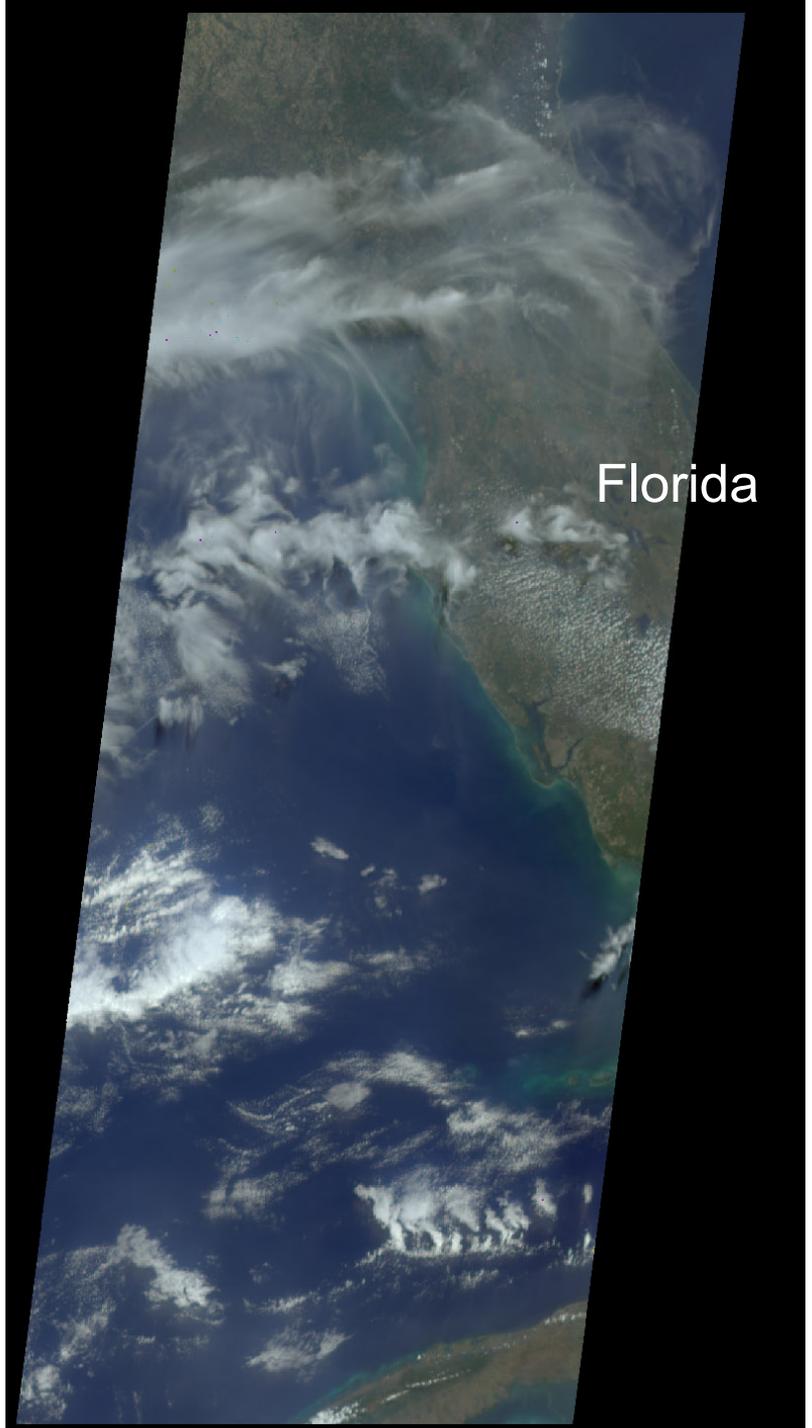
- Boundary-layer CTH and CMV with MISR high vertical resolution
- MISR new version
- Arctic warming and cloud changes
- Arctic PBL dynamics over ice and water from high-res MINX retrievals

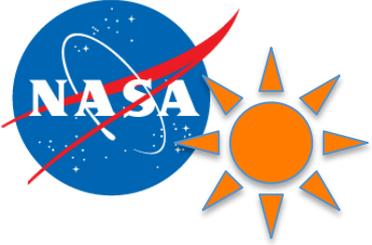


Views: Nadir, $\pm 26^\circ$, $\pm 46^\circ$, $\pm 60^\circ$, $\pm 70^\circ$
Bands: 446, 558, 672, 866 nm
Swath: ~400-km swath
Pixel: 275 m - 1.1 km
Time interval: ~50 s
Data: 2000-present



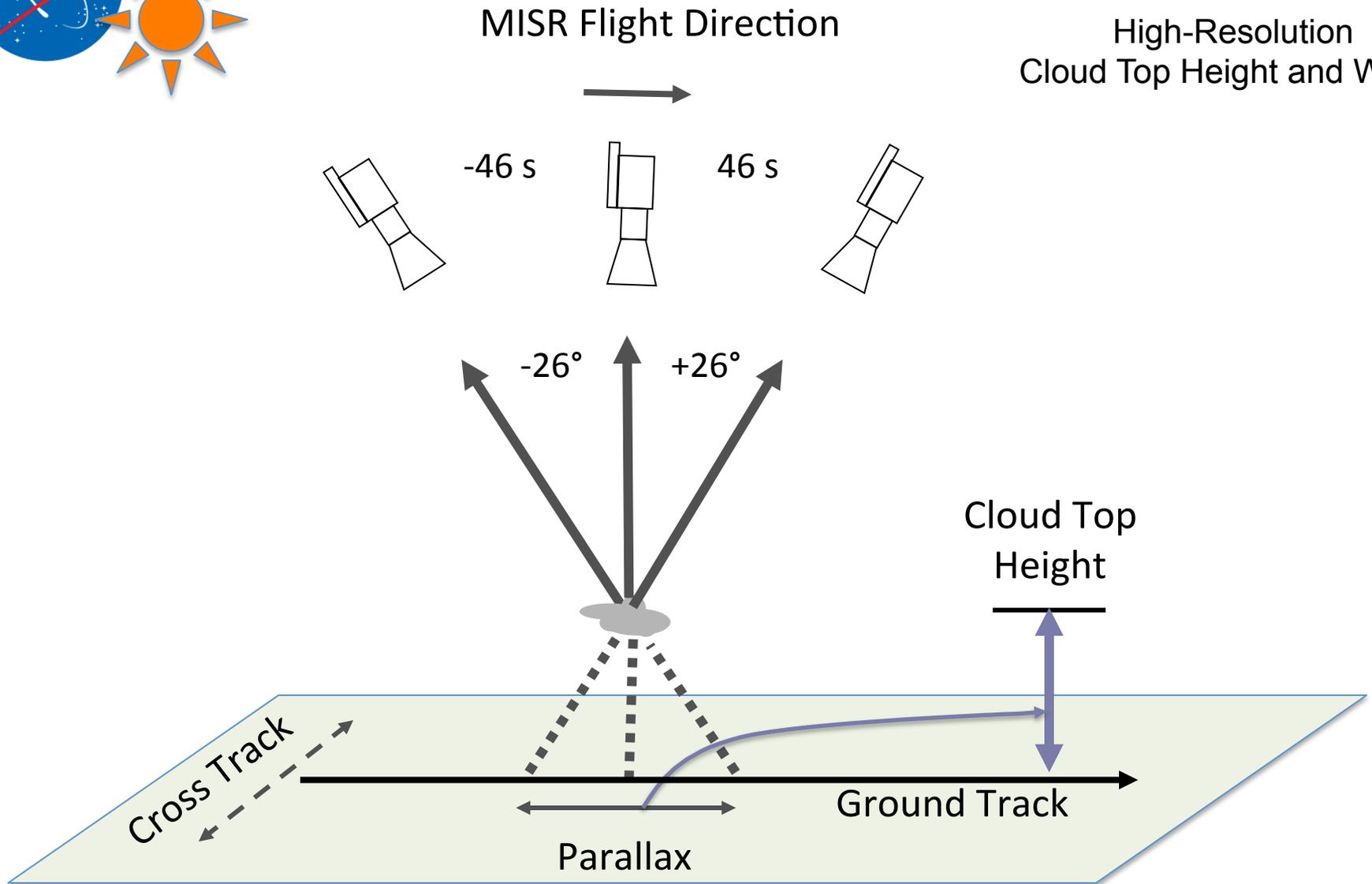
Beaufort Sea (Oct 2007)

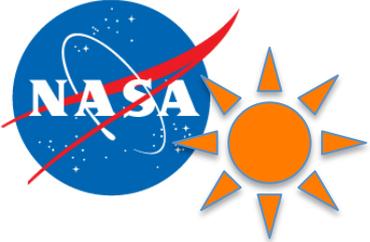




MISR Stereo Technique

High-Resolution
Cloud Top Height and Winds



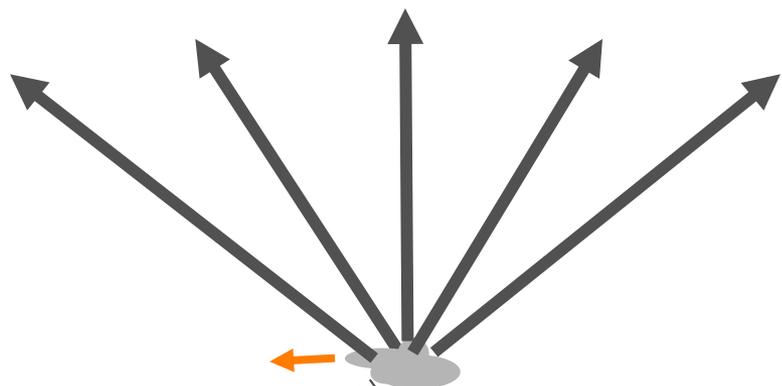
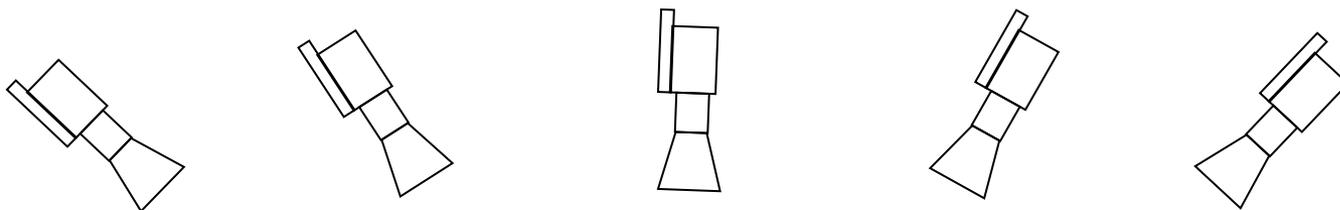


MISR Flight Direction



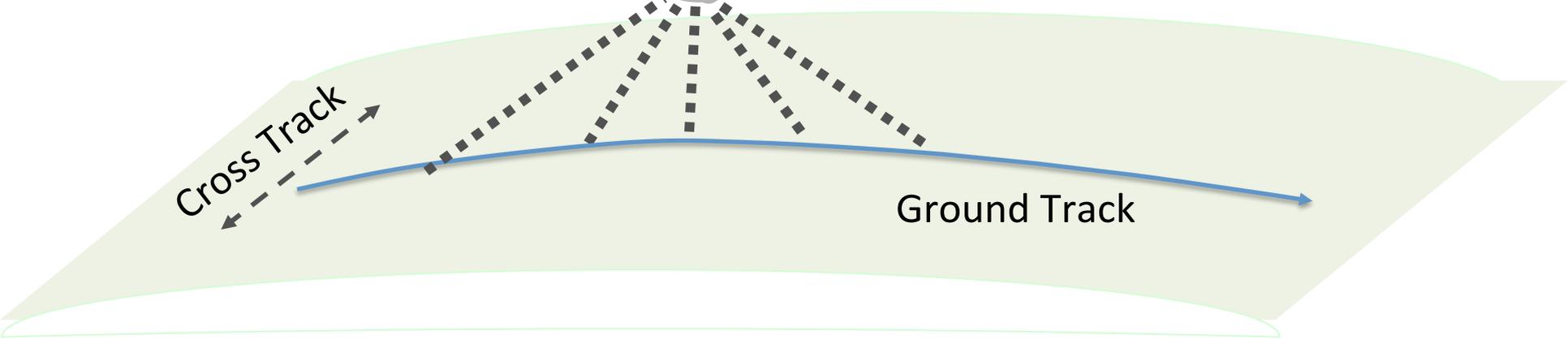
MISR Stereo Technique

High-Resolution
Cloud Top Height and Winds



Cross Track

Ground Track





MISR Data and Tools

Level 1B (9 Views, Red band, 275 m pixel, ~350 km swath)

New Version (Global Standard Products)

17.6-km
CTH
CMV

1.1-km
CTH
CMV_cross_track

1.1-km (zero wind)
CTH0
CMV_cross_track

Version F08-0017 (Global Standard Products)

70.4-km
CTH
CMV

1.1-km (aka CFbA)
CTH
CMV_cross_track

1.1-km (zero wind)
CTH0
CMV_cross_track

MISR Interactive Explorer (MINX)

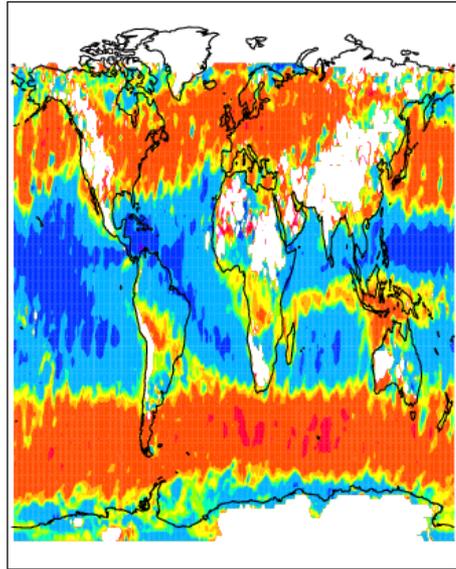
- *A priori* wind direction
- High resolution retrievals for CTH/CMV or plumes
- Portable to PC, Mac, and Linux
- Intense computation
- Easy to learn and good for regional case studies

Reanalysis
Winds

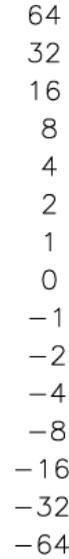
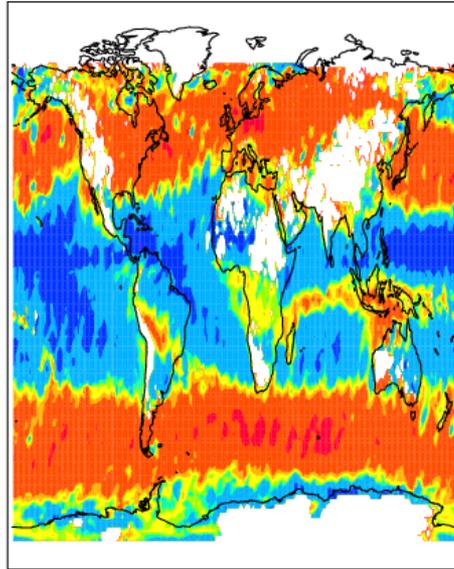
CTH

MISR (New Version) vs ERA-Interim Winds at 0-2 km (Jan 2007)

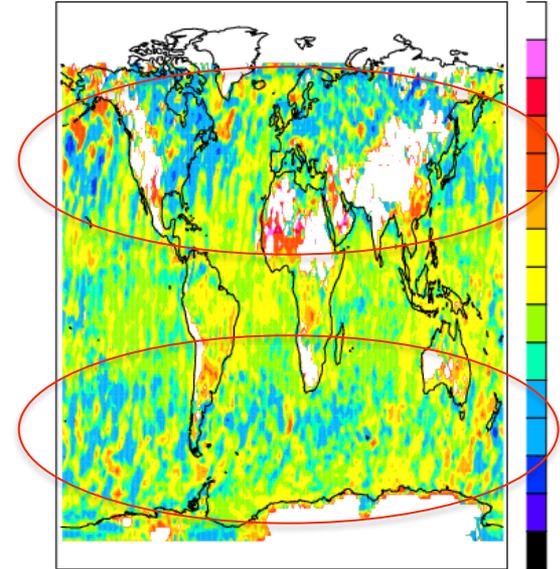
MISR Zonal Wind (m/s)



ERA-Interim Zonal Wind (m/s)

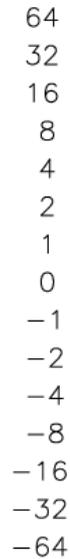
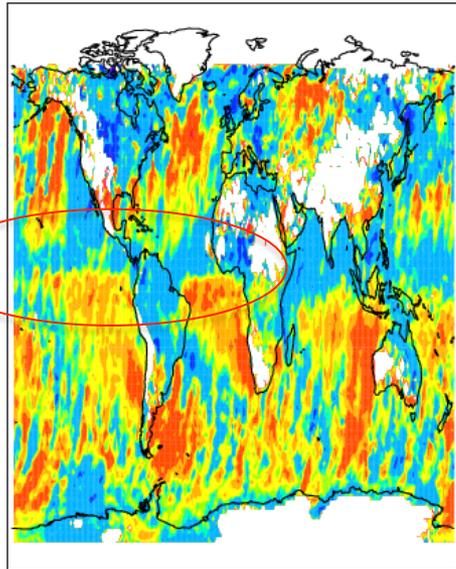


MISR-ERA Wind Diff (m/s)

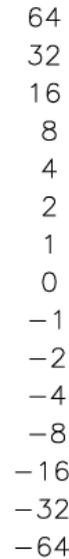
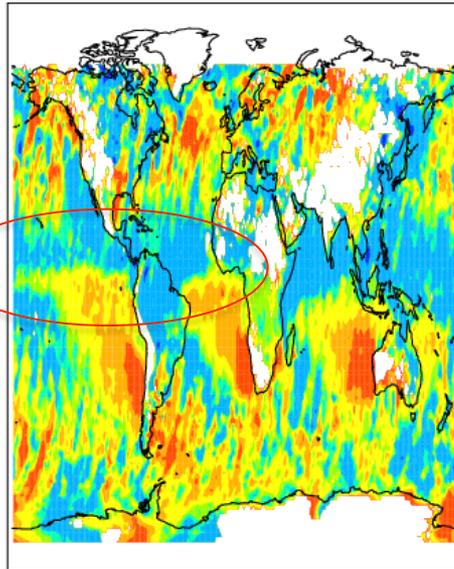


Meri Wind

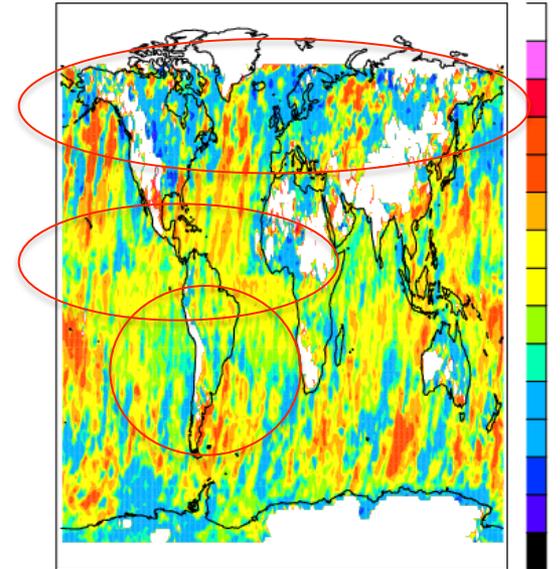
MISR Meri Wind (m/s)



ERA-Interim Meri Wind (m/s)



MISR-ERA Wind Diff (m/s)

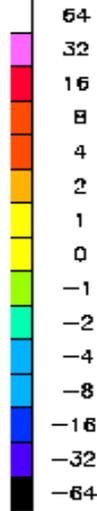
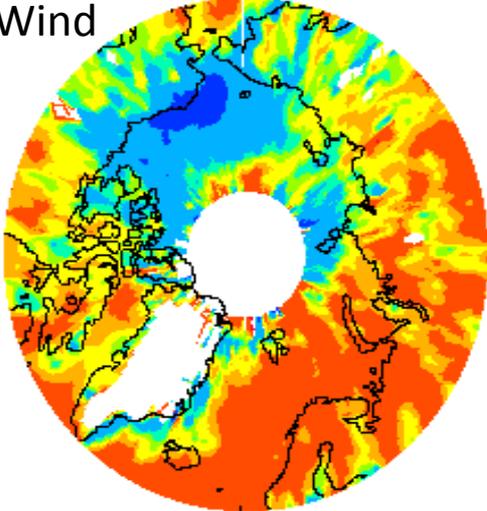




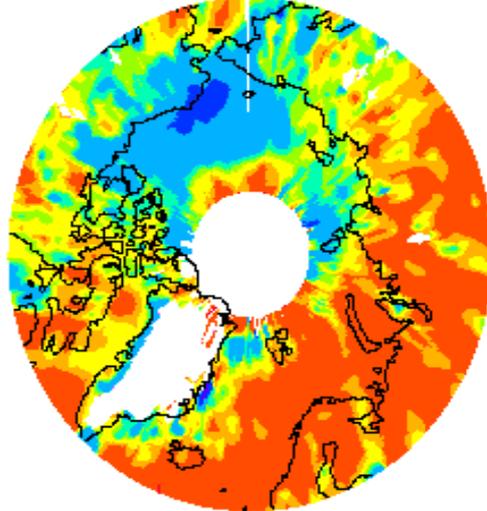
October 2007, CMV (New Version) at 0-2 km

Zonal
Wind

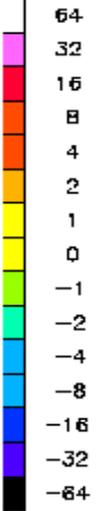
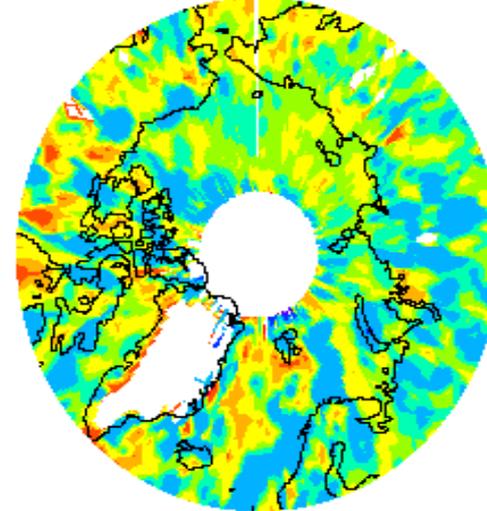
MISR Zonal Wind (m/s)



ERA-Interim Zonal Wind (m/s)

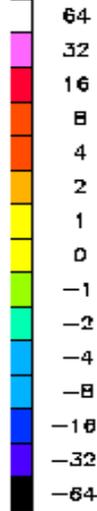
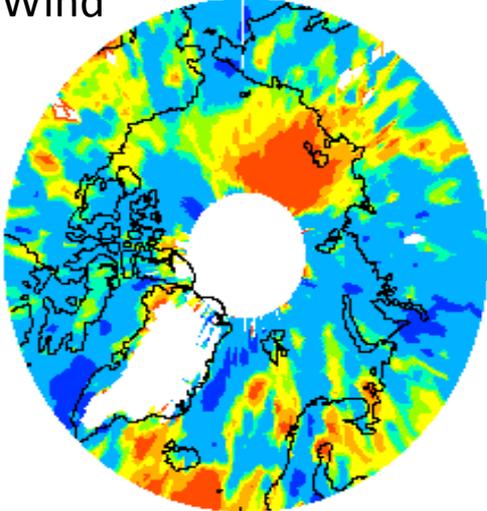


MISR-ERA Wind Diff (m/s)

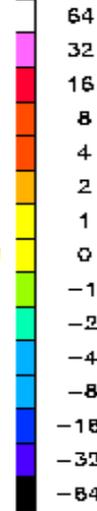
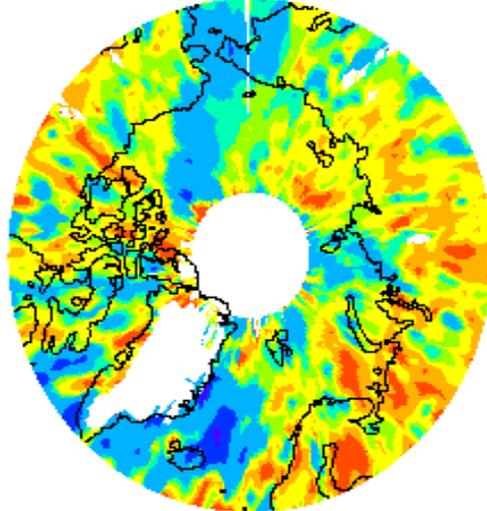


Meri
Wind

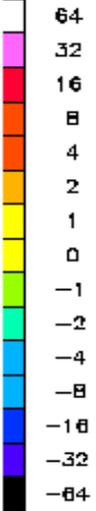
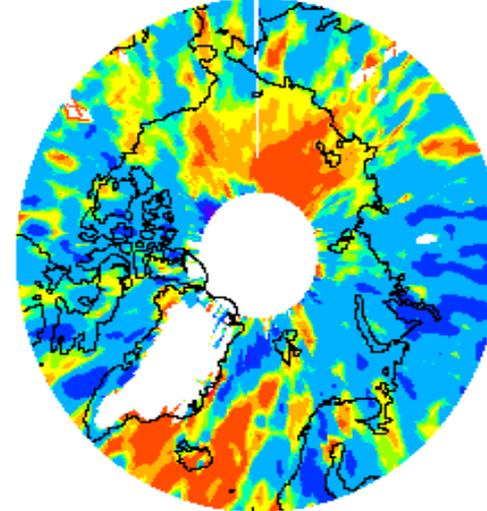
MISR Meri Wind (m/s)



ERA-Interim Meri Wind (m/s)



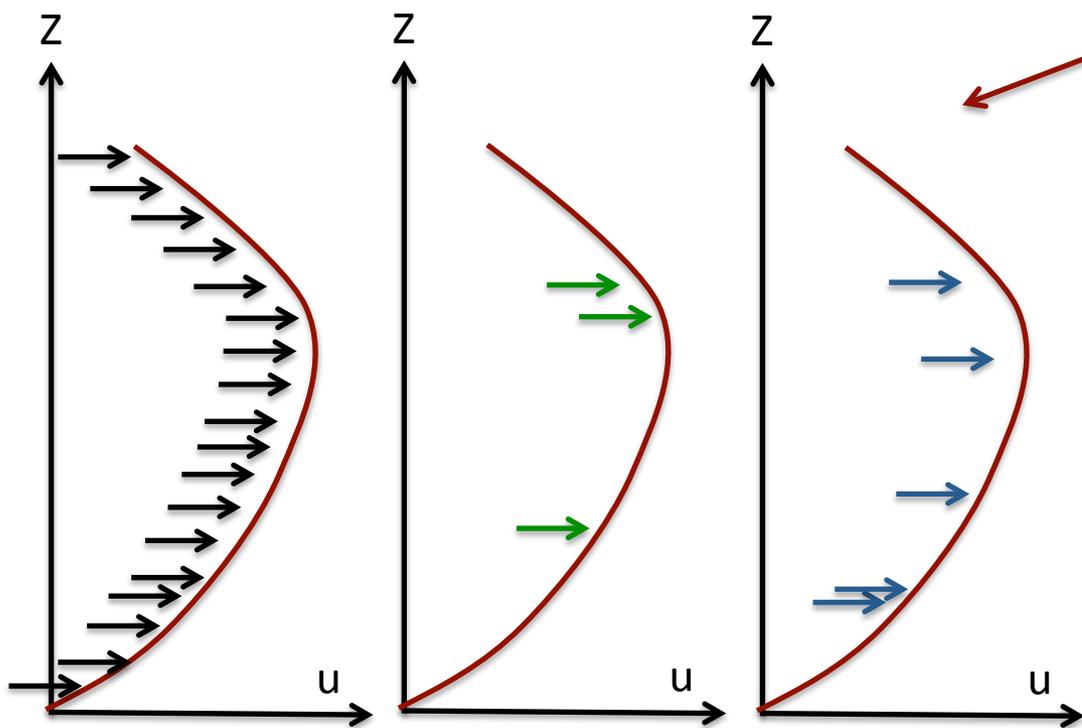
MISR-ERA Wind Diff (m/s)





Past Present Future
Motivation: 70.4 km → 17.6 km → 4.4 km

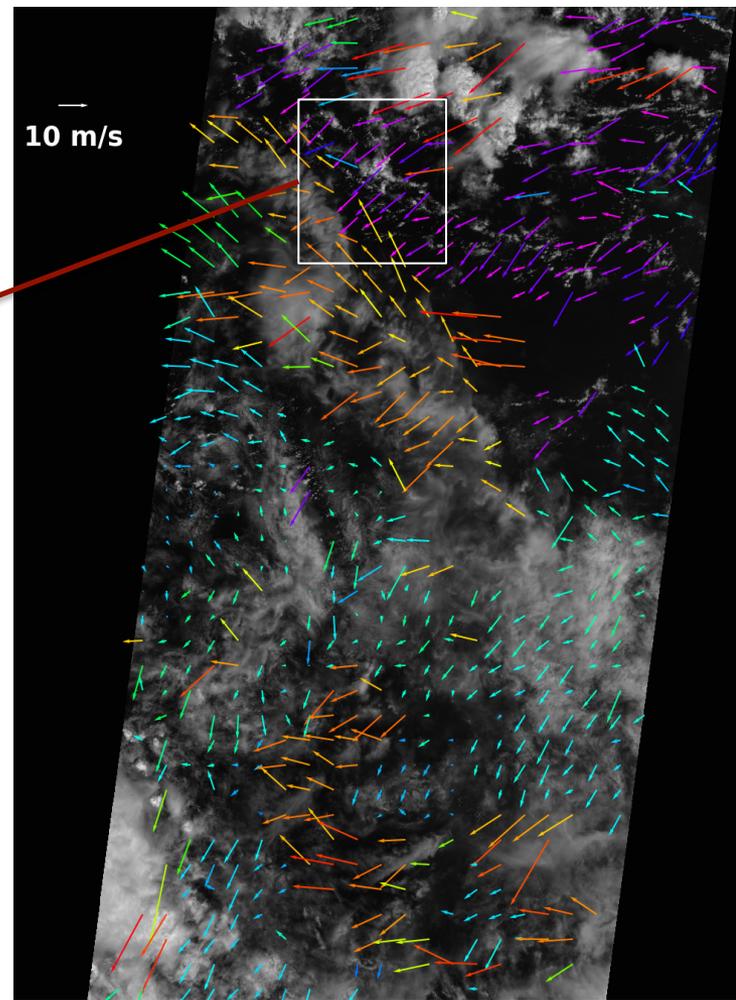
CMV height problem and a solution



Analysis Wind

IR Wind

MISR Wind

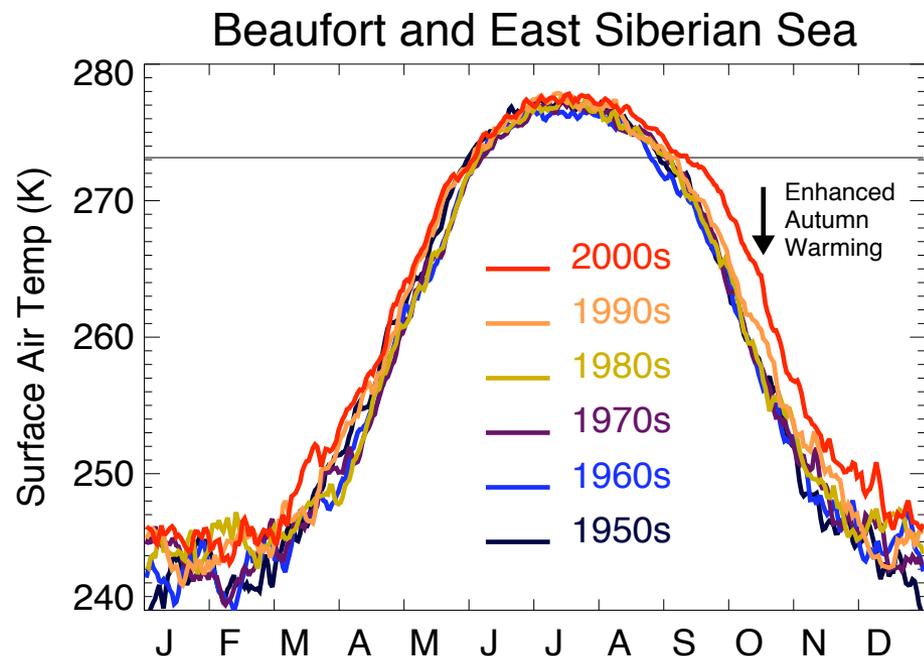
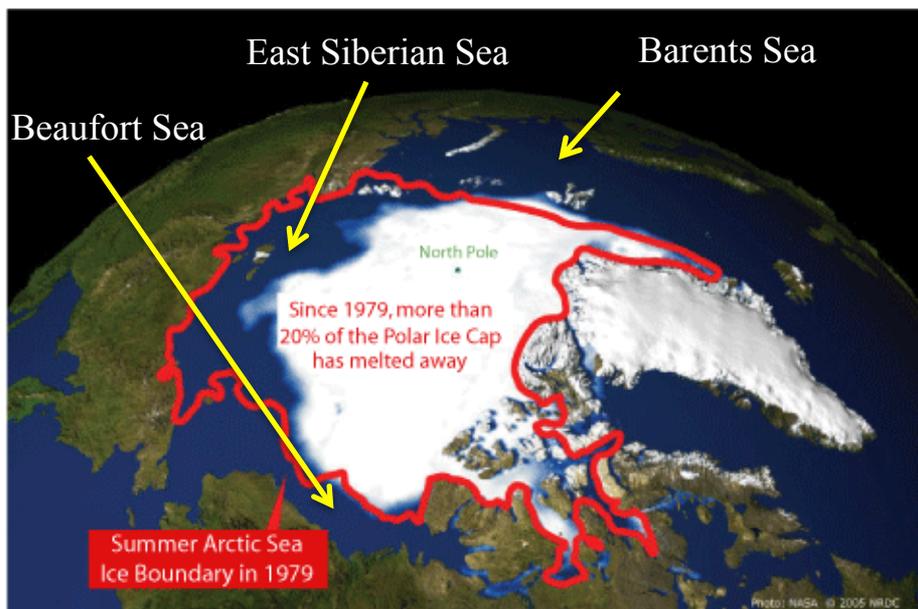


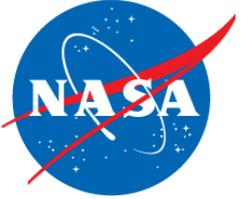
MISR 17.6 km CMV
(courtesy of K. Mueller)



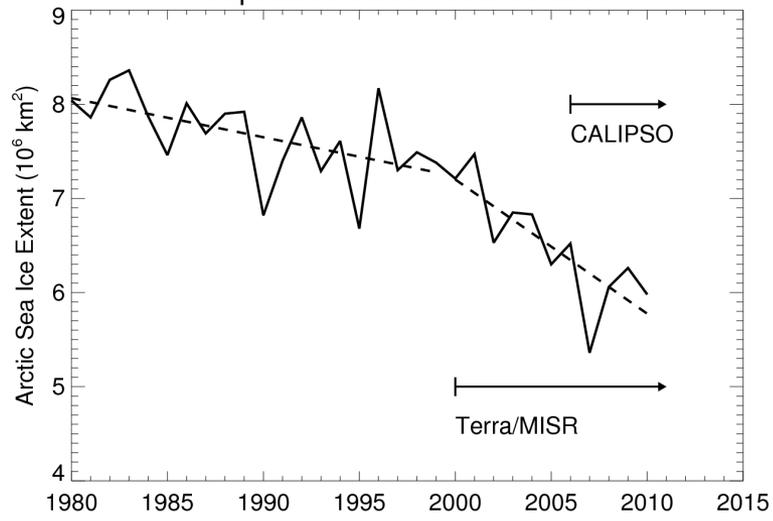
Arctic Warming:

Roles of Boundary-Layer Clouds and Dynamics

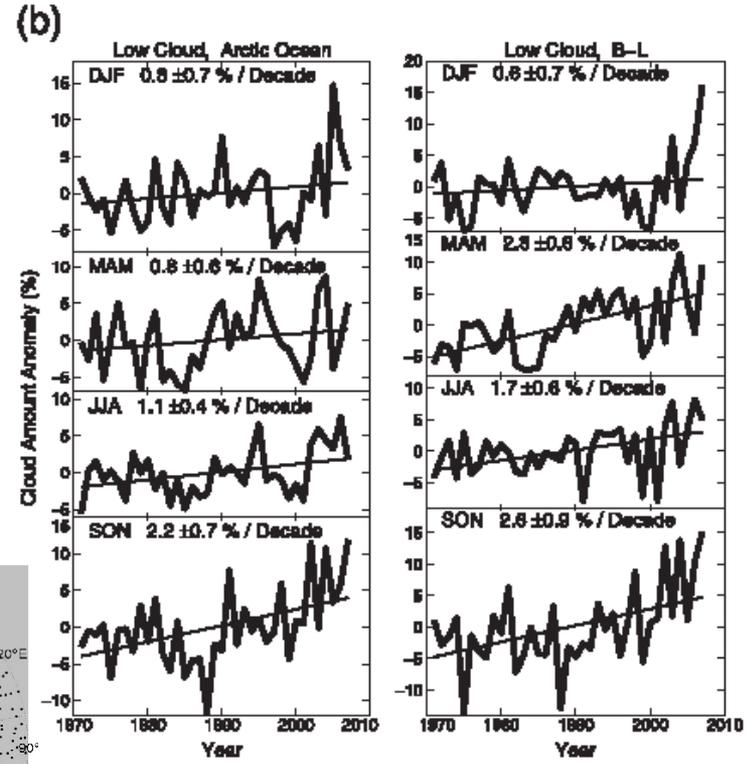
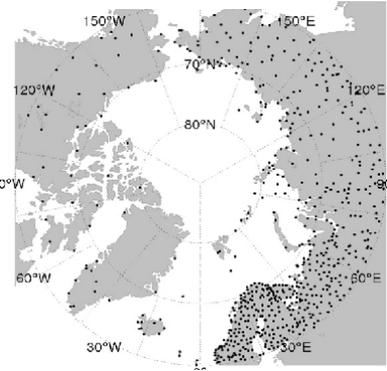




September Arctic Sea Ice Loss

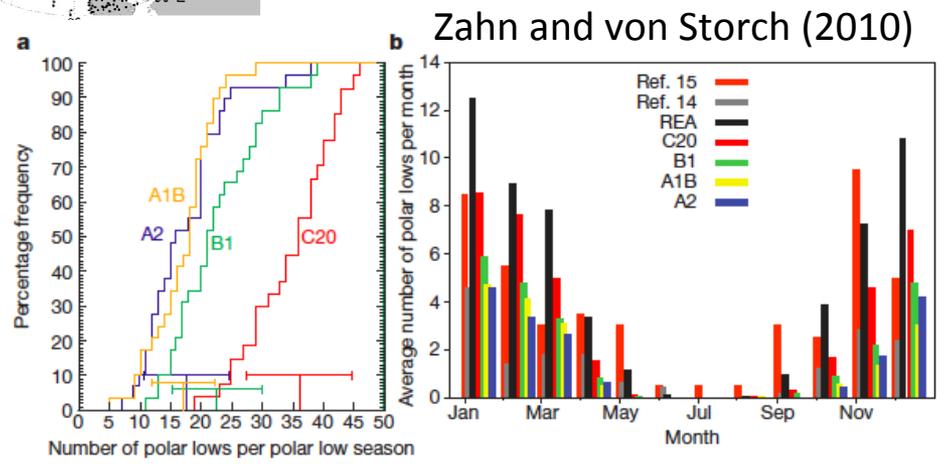


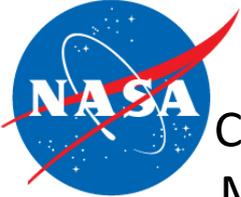
Rapid Climate Changes in the Arctic



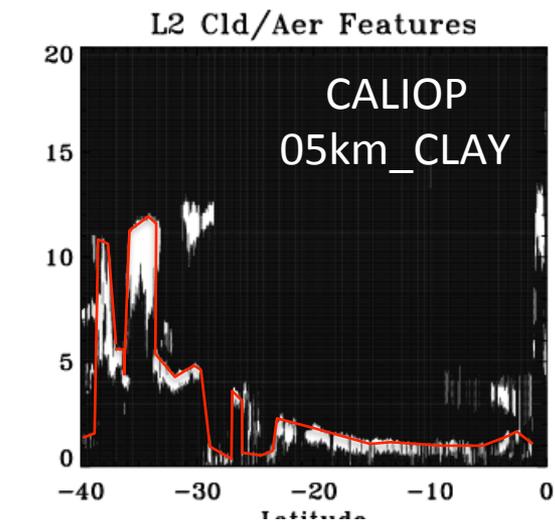
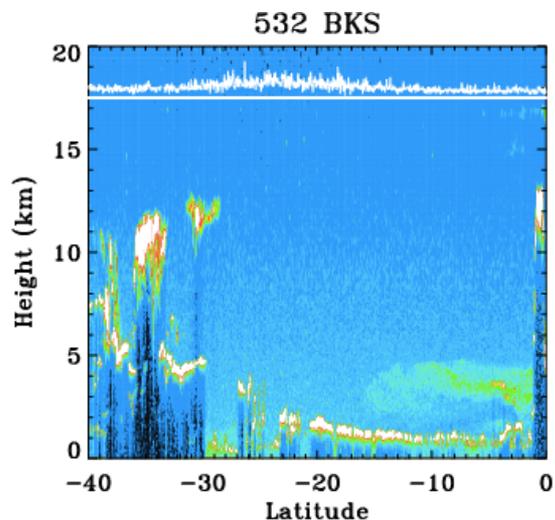
Eastman and Warren (2010)

- What is the role of cloud feedbacks in Arctic warming?
- How do dynamics response to more open water in the Arctic Ocean?

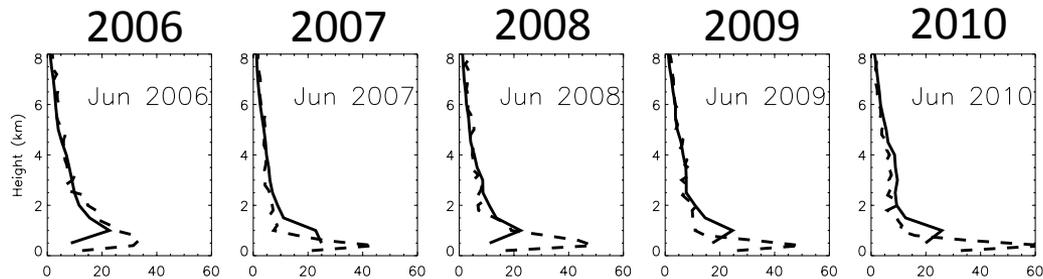




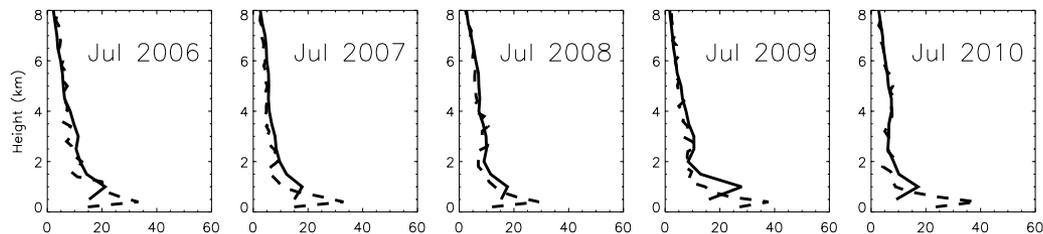
Comparisons of MISR & CALIOP (Beaufort-Laptev Region)



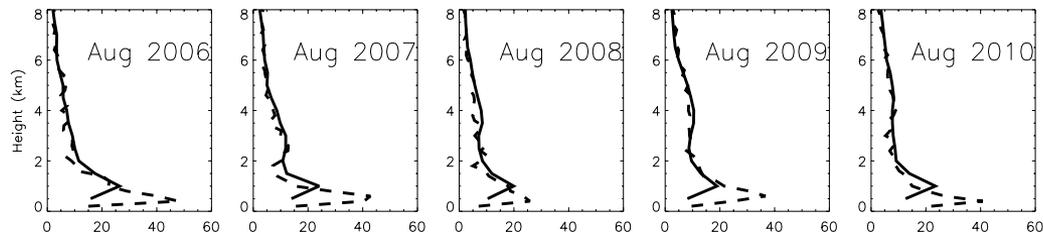
Jun



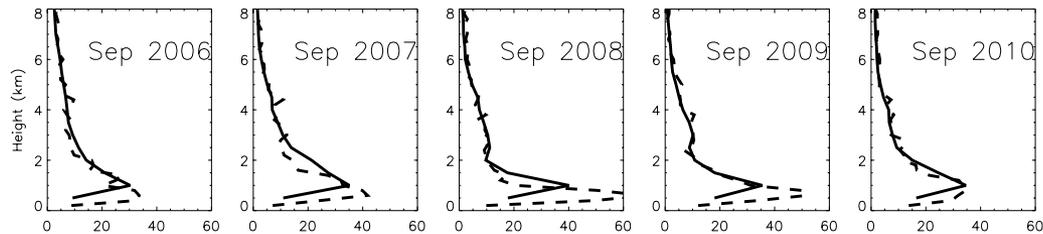
Jul



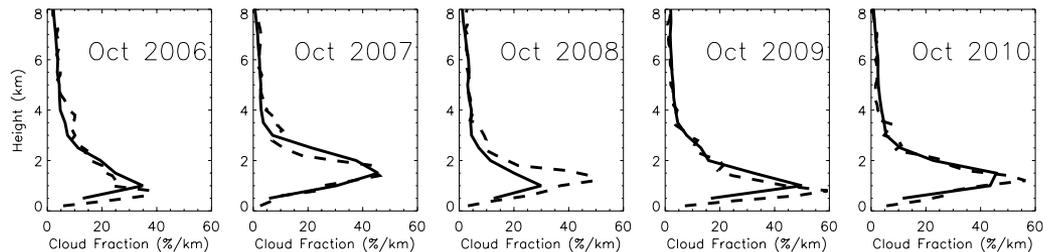
Aug



Sep

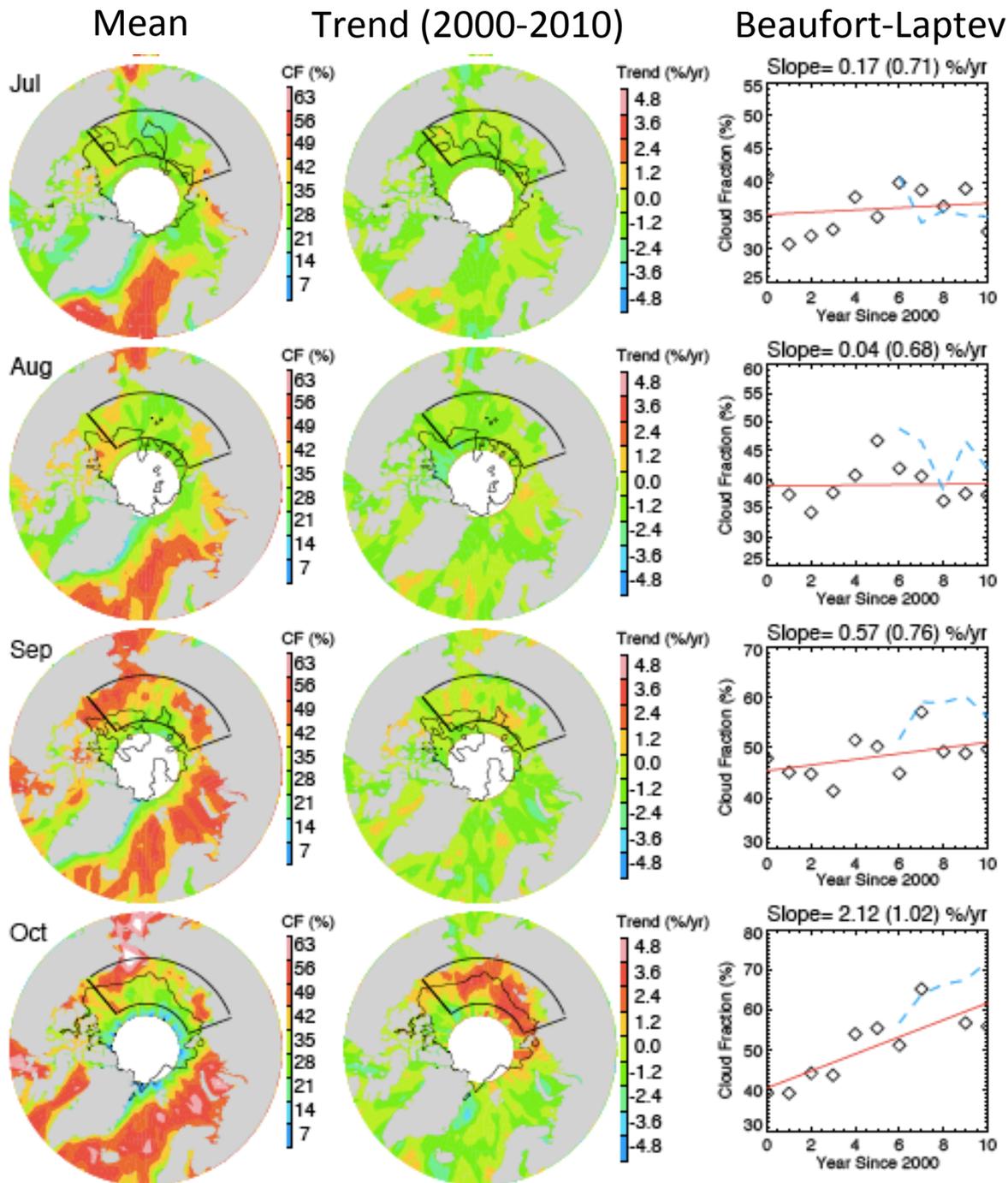


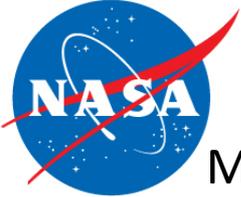
Oct





MISR Low-Cloud (0-3 km) Fraction

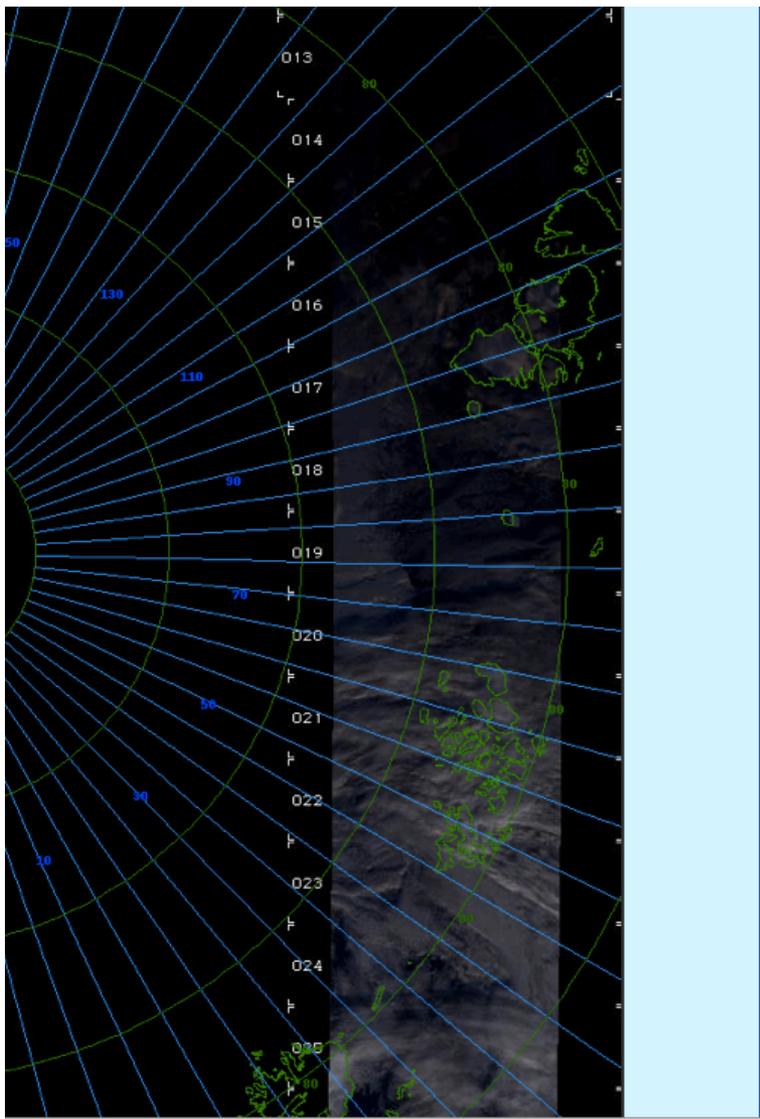




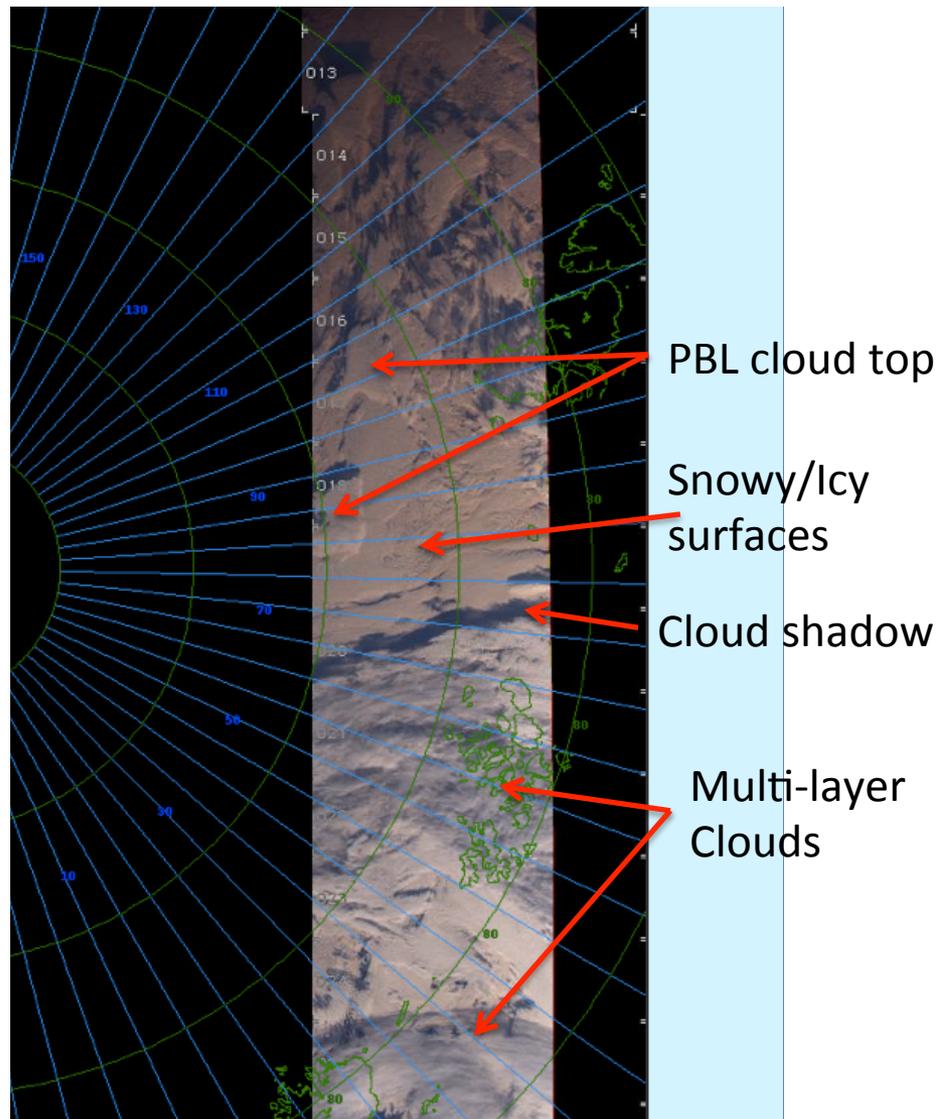
MISR Orbit 62271 (October, 2007)

Multi-Angle Stereo Technique for Cloud Detection over Snowy/Icy Surfaces

Nadir (AN)

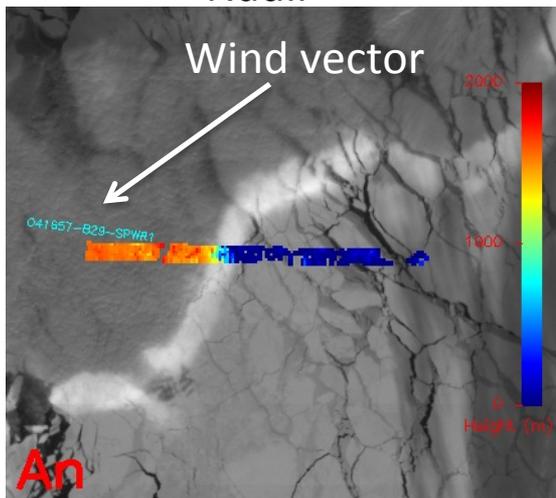


70° Forward (DF)



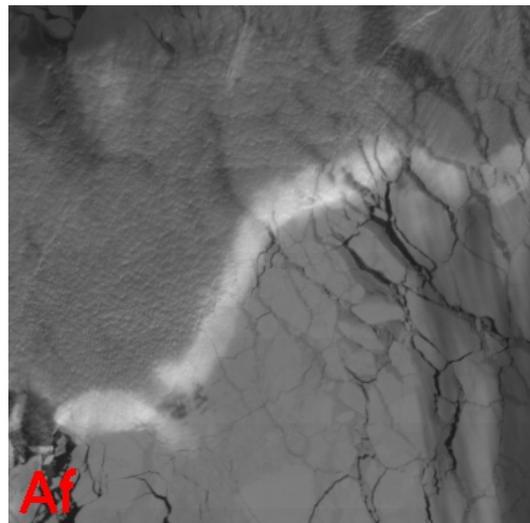


Nadir

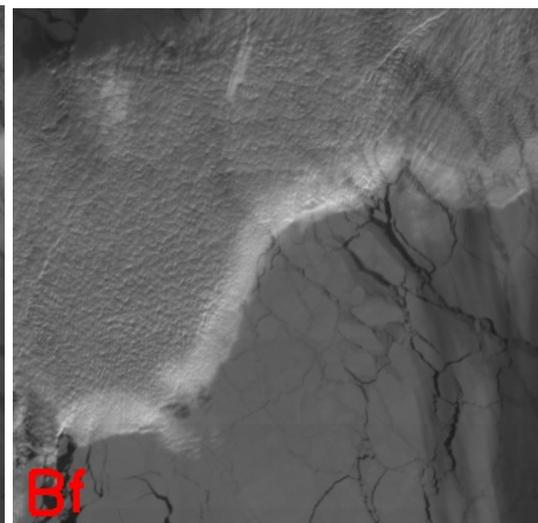


MISR on Oct 17, 2007

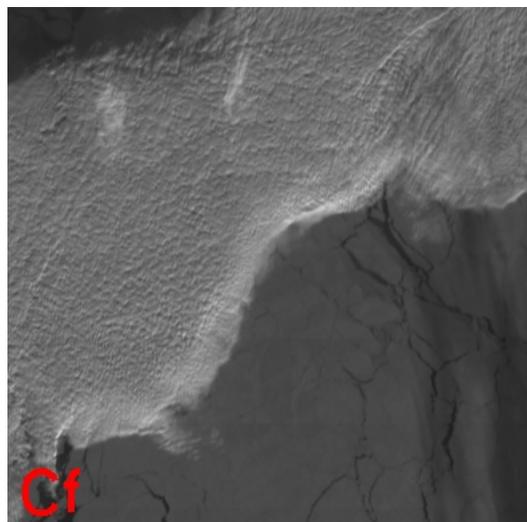
26° Forward



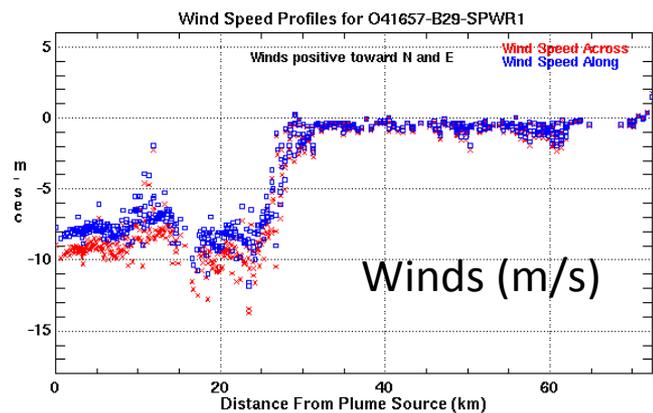
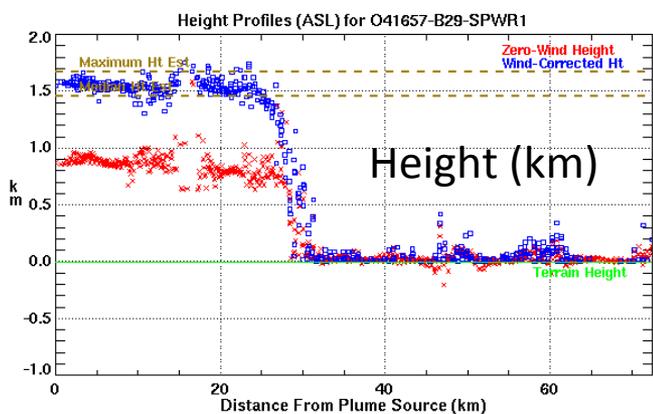
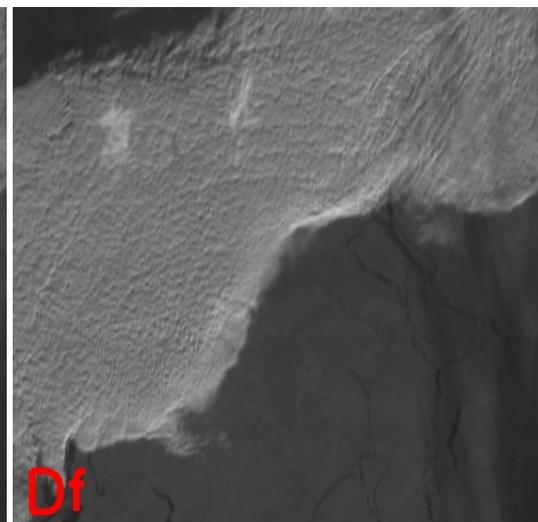
46° Forward



60° Forward



70° Forward

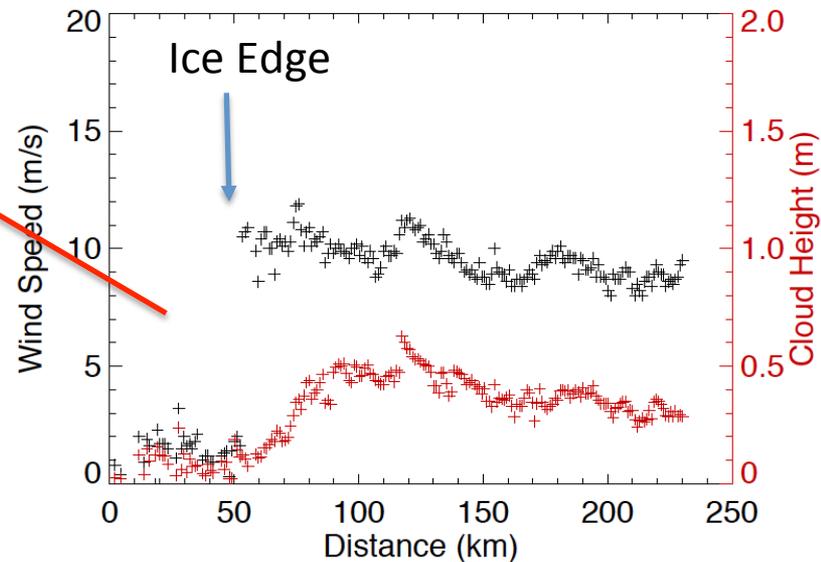
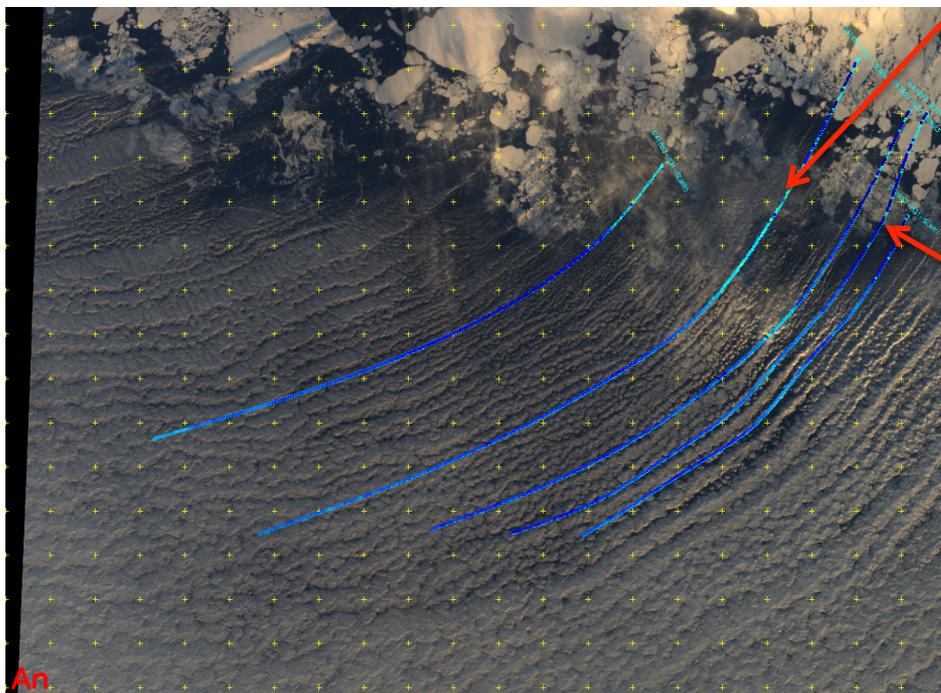
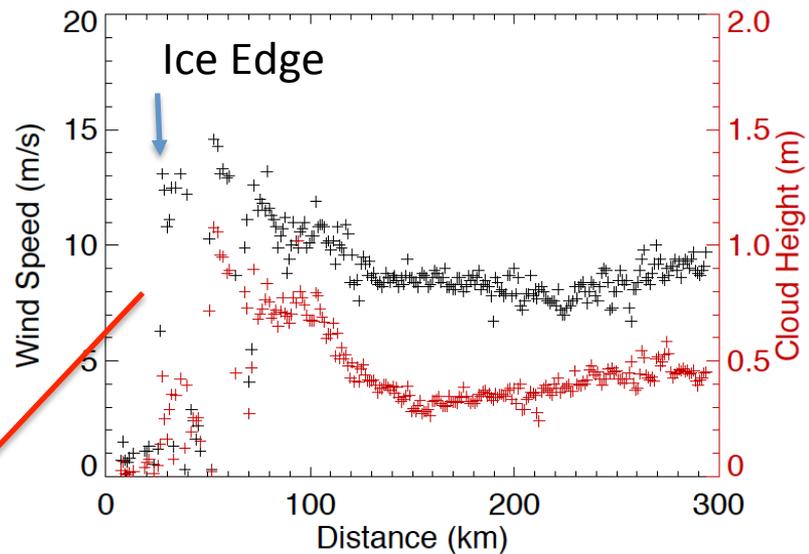
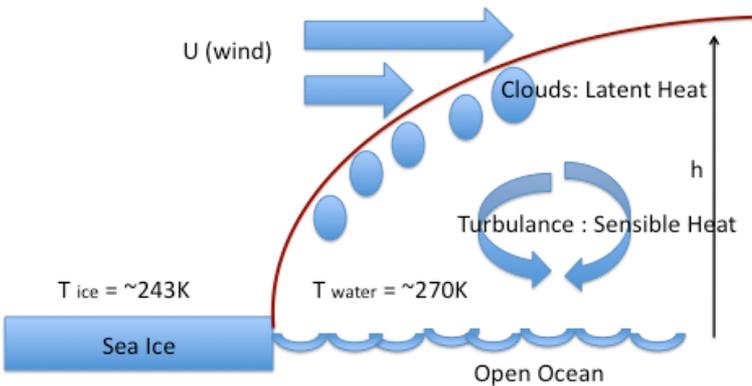


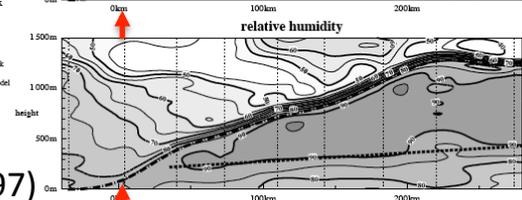
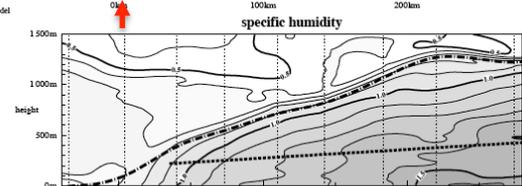
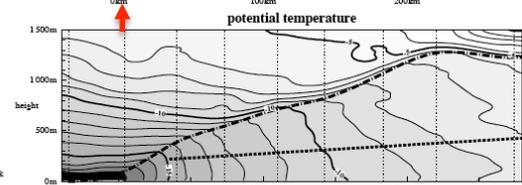
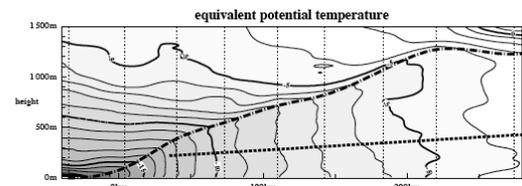
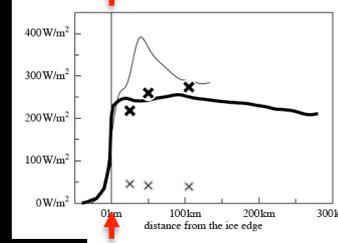
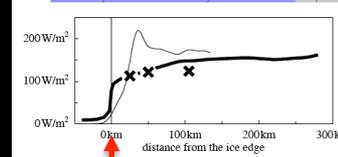
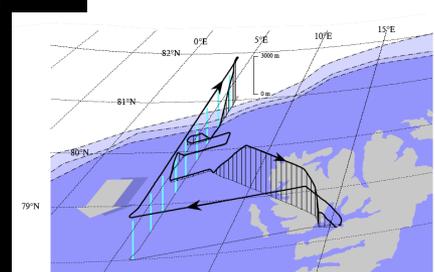
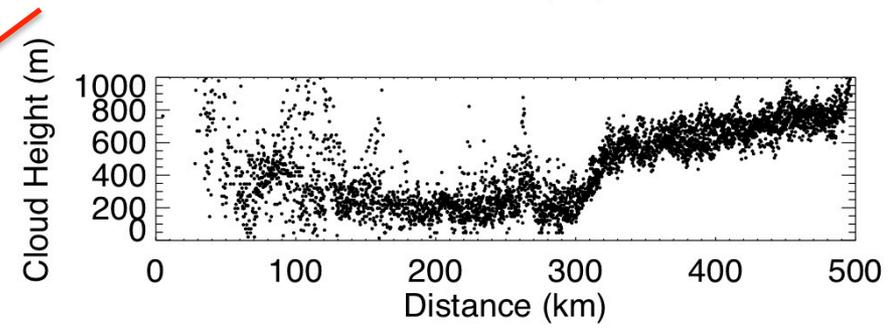
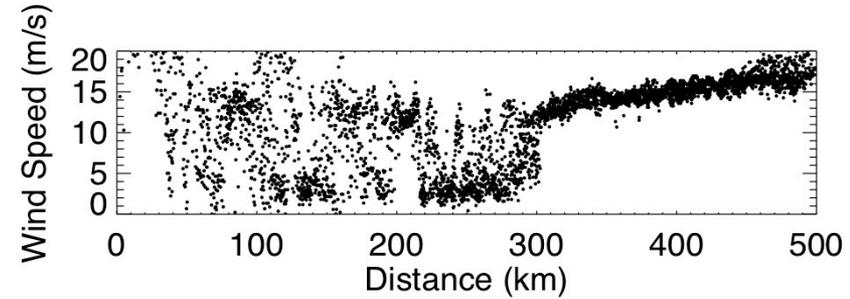
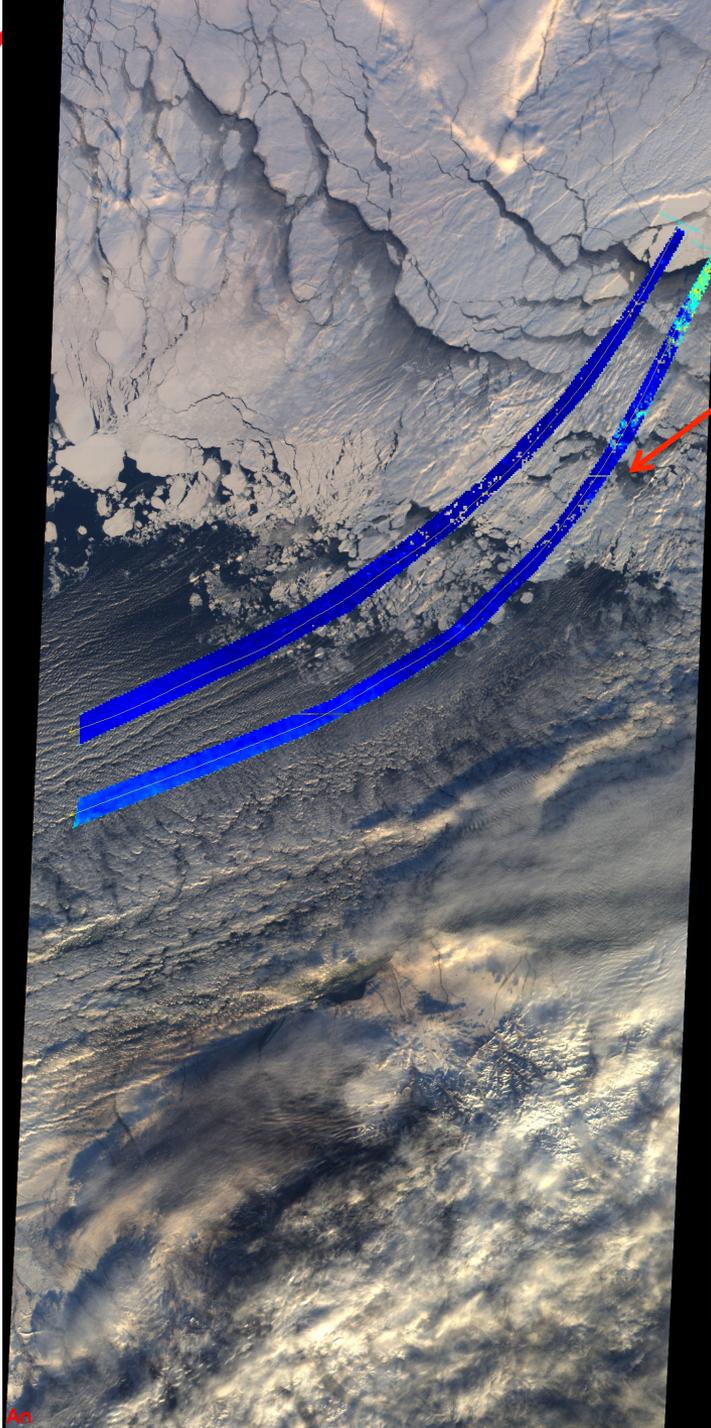


Marginal Ice Zone (MIZ)

Dramatic Transition in PBL and Cloud Properties

Arctic boundary layer





Hartmann et al. (1997)



Summary

- MISR stereo CMV/CTH products
 - Different requirements for CMV and CTH
 - Accurate height assignment for inter-platform comparisons and reanalysis
 - New version: greatly improved in coverage
- Rapid changes in Arctic PBL cloud
 - Significant in MISR (since 2000) and CALIOP (since 2006)
 - Indicative of a positive cloud feedback to sea ice loss
- Detailed dynamics and structures from MINX
 - PBL processes
 - Verification for NWP DA